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The North Carolinian.

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THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
POWER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT
Is supplied with all the requisites for doing first-class Job Printing business and promptly executes
WEDDING CARDS, VISITING CARDS, BUSINESS CARDS, BALL CARDS, FANCY SHOW CARDS, BILLS OF FARE, WINE CARDS, LAW CASES AND POINTS, POSTERS, HANDBILLS, PROGRAMMES, BILLHEADS, DODGERS, STATEMENTS, PAMPHLETS, CIRCULARS, BOOKS, ETC.
In the latest and neatest styles, and at the lowest prices. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

Rev. A. W. Mann, the pioneer deaf mute preacher, writes, "The ratio of deaf mutes to the hearing is as one to 1600, so there are over 40,000 in the United States and about 1,000,000 in the world.

The New York cooking school had 1000 pupils in the year just ended, half of whom were taught free. The school gives free instruction in plain cookery to the children of working people, and teaches them how to prepare their food in a wholesome way, and how to market advantageously and economically. Instruction in higher cookery is given to those who pay for it.

Statistics show the following to be the average size of families in the different European countries: France, 3.03 members; Denmark, 3.61; Hungary, 3.70; Switzerland, 3.94; Austria and Belgium, 4.05; England, 4.08; Germany, 4.10; Sweden, 4.12; Holland, 4.22; Scotland, 4.46; Italy, 4.56; Spain, 4.65; Russia, 4.83; Ireland, 5.20.

Pomona Valley, California, expects to have the biggest fig orchard in the world. Over 700 acres will be planted with 73,000 trees, imported from Syria. The projectors expect to produce fruit equal to the best Smyrna varieties. At Vacaville a fruit raiser reports a profit of $225 an acre from apricots on an orchard of forty acres.

London has a hospital for women which was established by a woman and is now officered by women and maintained by them. There is an out-patients' reception room, numerous wards for in-patients, rooms for paying patients and there are prettily furnished suites for women doctors. The hospital was established through the indefatigable exertions of one woman, Mrs. Garrett Anderson.

Dallas, Texas, claims, taking that city as a center, that within a radius of one hundred miles there is not to be found on the globe a more productive soil nor a more healthful climate. Within that radius there is a thrifty population of more than a million of people, and it is capable of sustaining a population of ten millions. Within this radius, adds the New York Independent, nearly one-half of the cotton in Texas is raised, more than half the oats and the wheat, and nearly one half the corn.

Californians are beginning to be stirred up over the Japanese invasion of that state. The Japanese emigration to California is in part due to the overflow from the Japanese colony in the Sandwich Islands, and in part due to the same causes that attracted the Chinese. There are now several thousands of Japanese in California, enough to waken the jealousy of native labor. With this element the Japanese are even more unpopular than the Chinese for the latter go home some time, while the Japanese are the cheapest of cheap laborers and have come to stay. Every steamer from Japan adds to their number, and before long they promise to be numerous enough to force a collision with native labor. The invasion of the Sandwich Islands, where the Japanese are already a menace to the rest of the population, and would dominate politics could they get the franchise, and their immigration to California will be reckoned by some observers as the beginning of the movement to push Asiatic populations into the Occident, of which Lord Wolseley claimed to see the premonitory symptoms.

Dr. George M. Beard maintains that the dryness of our atmosphere causes an evaporation which produces in the American girl a look of refinement and spirituality not implanted on the features of the dwellers in moister climates. "The same influence," he says, however, "that makes the American female more handsome, also causes her beauty to decay earlier than in Europe. The Englishwoman is less beautiful, less delicate and attractive between the ages of fifteen and twenty-five, yet she retains her beauty longer." In his opinion, America is a modern Etruria, where the beauty of women is peerless. Yet here nervous diseases abound, because of the dry air and the violent changes of heat and cold. The male American does not profit so greatly from the climate as do the young ladies of his household. His leanness has been a source of wonder to Europeans for a century at least. A thousand Americans, according to an eminent authority, if selected at random, would be found to weigh less than a thousand Englishmen or Germans of the same class selected in the same manner. The Americans have been partially dried up and blown away. But this is not all. Sir Charles W. Dilke thinks that he has observed a tendency in the Caucasian native American to acquire the red Indian type of physiognomy. W. Matthieu Williams agrees with Sir Charles in this surprising opinion, and thinks the process of desiccation due to the dry atmosphere is responsible for the change.

Cloud and Sunshine.

Waiting in gloom and pain;
Weary, oh! so weary!
Steadily falls the rain,
Dark the day and dreary.
The bitterest winds are wailing loud,
And the funeral sky is clothed in cloud;
Will the sun ne'er shine again?

Courage! in heart and brain,
Though the day be dark'ning;
Waiting is not in vain,
If for God thou'rt hark'ning.
The dreariest weather will change some day,
And never a cloud but will pass away,
And the sun must shine again.

Be still, sad heart, nor mind,
The heart of fiery-trying,
The mystery entwined
With sorrow and with crying.
The costliest gold, by a method slow,
Must lose its dross in the hottest glow,
But it cometh forth refined.
—[Captain R. K. Carter, in New York Observer.

AN EDGED TOOL.

BY AMY RANDOLPH.

"Miss Morel wanted, immediately, in the show-room!"

Shrill and sharp and clear the message came through the speaking-tube into the great room where all Mrs. Cavendish's young women were at work—the great, bare-floored echoing room, which was lighted only from a skylight of frosted glass above.

Valencia Morel rose at once, her pale olive cheeks suddenly suffused with scarlet, to obey the summons. She felt sure she was to be scolded for slighting the pipings on the skirt of old Mrs. Mickel's blue satin dress. But Mrs. Cavendish, sitting at her desk, received her graciously.

"Miss Morel," said she, "on second thoughts, you may trim Miss Vavasa's moire antique with lace instead of velvet. Miss Gay, the forewoman, will give you all necessary instructions."

After a moment she added:

"My dear, you know that I seldom interfere in the private and personal affairs of my young women. But I am informed that you are escorted home every night by a gentleman who must certainly be above your station. Miss Morel, I am not your guardian, neither do I possess any authority over you. But I do know something of the world, and I bid you beware!"

Valencia Morel was quite silent. If Mrs. Cavendish had for an instant supposed that her favorite "trimmer" was going to confide in her, she was mistaken.

Half an hour later, when the girls all swarmed out of Mrs. Cavendish's workrooms at the sound of the 6 o'clock bell, Valencia Morel contrived to be a little behind the rest, so that it was quite dark when she reached the corner of the street, and a quick, silent shadow, with the fiery end of a cigar burning in front of it, moved up to her side quite as a matter of course.

"Va'encia!" softly spoke the phantom.

"Yes; it's I," said Valencia Morel, coquettishly pulling the blue vail a little farther over her face. "And Mrs. Cavendish has somenow found out that you walk home with me evenings.

"Well, what then," demanded the owner of the fire-tipped cigar, in a debonnaire and defiant sort of way. "Is it a capital crime?"

"N-no; I suppose not," said Valencia, dubiously. "But, Hector—"

"Well?"

"I do wish I knew what the end of all this was to be."

Captain Hector Maurice lifted his primrose-kidded hands deprecatingly.

"So like a woman," said he. "Bless their dear little hearts, they never can be contented to let well enough alone."

"Well, if you must know," interrupted the gallant captain, "we are nearer 'the end of all this' than you've any idea of."

"What do you mean?" Valencia stood still, with a face as white as marble.

"I mean simply that I'm to be married in three months."

"Married!"

"Yes, married. Why not? She is not as pretty as you are, Valencia," with a sigh and a shrug; "in fact, she's as old and ugly as Medusa, if you know who that classical character was; but she's rich, and I never was one of the kind that could live on love and poetry. Now don't turn crusty, Valencia!" as she involuntarily drew back. "You know I'm desperately fond of you and all that sort of thing, but I must marry money or it is all up with me! And you must have known that we couldn't go on philandering like this forever!"

Valencia looked at him with eyes that shone dangerously.

"Hector Maurice," said she, "you have been playing with me all this time. Beware I do not turn out an edged tool!"

"My darling, only listen to me."

He took both her hands by main force and renewed his caressing protestations while he walked along at her side. Presently she turned, with a short, harsh laugh.

"Don't mind me, Hector," said she; "I was a little out of temper. It came so suddenly, you know. And perhaps I was unreasonable. But I'm all over it now. Tell me about her—the bride."

Hector made a little grimace.

"Excuse me," said he; "I shall have quite enough of her in the future without rhapsod'zing on the subject now."

"Is she pretty?"

"Was Medusa pretty?"

"Is she rich?"

"If she wasn't do you suppose I'd marry her?"

"Is she young?"

"Well, she's about the age of my mother."

"Oh, Hector! And what is her name?"

"Aurora, my dear. 'Fair goddess of the dawn.'"

"But her last name, I mean?" urged Valencia.

"That I shall not tell you," half in earnest. "Lest, to use your own words, you should turn out an edged tool."

Valencia made him no answer; she only compressed her lips until they were a mere scarlet thread. And when she came back to Mrs. Cavendish's workroom the next day, she was a little paler than usual.

"I don't understand it," said Mrs. Cavendish, one day.

"Don't understand what?" said Miss Gay, the forewoman.

That Miss Morel is so feverishly anxious to attend personally to all the wedding orders. I used to send Mademoiselle Florine, but Miss Morel has asked it, as a favor, to be allowed to go; and she really has an excellent idea of styles and trimmings, and gives great satisfaction. But what her fancy is I can't tell."

"Some girls have an absolute mania on the subject of weddings," said Miss Gay, elevating her brow.

But Valencia Morel's motive was deeper far than any of which Mrs. Cavendish and here forewoman could dream. And one day her quest met with its reward.

Mrs. Dorrance was a widow, fat, fair and forty; and Mrs. Dorrance contemplated a second matrimonial alliance. And while she was giving Mrs. Cavendish's young woman her opinion about the wedding dress, Valencia's eyes fell upon a photograph on the mantel—Hector Maurice's fair, false face. Her her heart gave a great throb—the deep crimson flamed into her cheeks.

"So you are going to be married again?" said she, drawing a long breath. "But—I beg your pardon for the remark—isn't it running a great risk?"

"Oh, I don't know," said Mrs. Dorrance, laughing. "Life is full of risks."

"A friend of mine is going to be married to a widow, too," said Valencia. "And you should hear him talk about her! But, then, to be sure, widows differ."

"Very much in love, eh?" said the widow, simpering.

"Well, not exactly that," said Valencia. "His widow must be dreadfully old. He says she's about the age of his mother!"

"Oh, dear me?" said Mrs. Dorrance; "that is dreadful!"

But she was evidently interested, and sat with the samples of white reps and dove-colored satin in her hand, looking at Miss Morel.

"And plain, too," added Valencia. "He calls her his Medusa!"

"Hateful old thing!" said Mrs. Dorrance, briskly. "What business has she to be angling for a husband at her time of life?"

"But she's rich," added Valencia.

"That accounts for it," said Mrs. Dorrance.

"Oh, yes," said Miss Morel, "that accounts for it."

"You—you never heard him mention her name, did you?" said Mrs. Dorrance, a little uneasily.

"Oh, dear, no ma'am," said Valencia. "Did you say you would prefer the stone-gray faille, or—"

"I really don't know why I should feel any curiosity upon the subject," interrupted the widow, laughing artificially; "but if your friend's name isn't a secret—"

"Oh, no secret at all," said Valencia. "It is Maurice—Captain Hector Maurice."

"Good gracious!" said the widow, dropping all her samples in a glistening shower.

"You don't mean to say that you know him, ma'am?" said Miss Morel, in well-feigned astonishment.

"'Know him!'" said Mrs. Dorrance, fanning herself violently. "It's the very man I am engaged to! But I won't marry him; no, that I never will!"

Valencia clasped her hands theatrically.

"Oh!" cried she, "what have I said? Please, please, dear madam, forget my foolish chatter. If I had known—"

"If I had known!" interrupted the widow. "Medusa, indeed! Old enough to be his mother, forsooth! But he shall never have the handling of my money?"

And Mrs. Dorrance rang the bell for her maid, and went off into violent hysterics.

No wedding outfit was made up for this occasion at Mrs. Cavendish's celebrated establishment—and Captain Maurice was at his wits' end to know why his plighted bride had changed her mind so suddenly. He did entertain some vague idea of a "breach-of-promise" suit, but wisely abandoned it. But shame to say, he never suspected Valencia Morel, who still works on, pale and silent, in the dreary rooms, and never sees him now.

Captain Maurice had played with edged tools, and he had not come off scathless.—[New York Ledger.

A Curious House.

The reporters and other strangers who were in Sing Sing at the time of the recent electrocutions, and who climbed the hill leading to the prison, noticed a queer looking house, just as the road turned off the main street. As seen from the top of the hill, it appeared to be a substantial story and a half brick house, with mansard roof and huge windows. A porch ran the entire length and up to the second story. Many people commented on its peculiar appearance. A News reporter who had occasion to go to the telegraph office beneath the hill, noticed that the house was really five stories and a half high, but was built up against the face of the hill, so that from the top only the upper stories could be seen.

The peculiar feature of the house is that the only entrance to it is from the fifth story, and the residents walk down instead of up stairs, as in an ordinary house. The house or rather its owner, Patrick Rigney, has quite a history. Some years ago when he bought the bluff which his house is now built against, the people in Sing Sing regarded him as little short of insane. He paid a mere song for the entire strip of land, a block in length, which was underlaid by huge bowlders and a solid rock cliff. He was at that time earning a living by doing hauling around the city.

The old residents of the place could not possibly see what he wanted with what had theretofore been regarded as a piece of waste land. By the use of dynamite and giant powder, Mr. Rigny succeeded in getting out enough rock, which he sold for building purposes, to net him a handsome sum. With this nucleus he was enabled to open a profitable business, and subsequently built the house, which excited so much comment on the part of those who saw it for the first time.—[New York News.

The Atmosphere and Mainsprings.

"Your mainspring is broke," was the positive declaration of a jeweler to a young man as he entered and walked up to the counter, meanwhile probing for his watch. The young man hadn't said a word. "How did you guess it?" he asked when he recovered from his amazement. "Didn't guess it; I knew it," was the jeweler's reply. "That is, I could almost have sworn to it when I saw you feeling for your watch. I guessed then that something was the matter with that article, and having guessed that, I was ready to bet $25 to $1 that it was the mainspring that was broken. And I'll tell you why. There's a certain time of the year—and this happens to be it this year—when, if I happen to have two or three persons come to me with broken mainsprings, I can make up my mind that I'll have twenty or thirty more of the same kind of customers within a very short time. Now, it's just a week and a day ago that a man came to have a job of this kind done, and up today I've had no less than twenty mainsprings to put in. They break voluntarily; atmospheric condition has something to do with it. Now, I'll put a new spring in your watch which I guarantee for a year. It may last two or three years, and, again, it may not last two days, one day, or an hour. You can't tell; they're liable to break any time, no matter of how good quality they are. I've had new springs break right after I have put them in."—[Buffalo Express.

He Wears Well.

John Furlong presents a fresh illustration of how much the human frame can endure. He is ninety years old, has outlived every one on whom he had any claim, and was recently found on the pavement in New York city, where he had lain all night literally dying of hunger. It takes so little to keep him alive that, according to the testimony produced, he had lived for years on something less than the daily equivalent of an average schoolboy's lunch. Yet he had lived, and at last accounts bade fair to live some years longer.—[Detroit Free Press.

To Preserve the Eyes.

A simple and excellent plan to preserve and strengthen the eyes is this: Every morning pour some cold water into your washing bowl; at the bottom of the bowl place a silver coin or some other bright object; then put your face into the water with your eyes open and fixed on the object at the bottom; move your head from side to side gently, and you will find that this morning bath will make your eyes brighter and stronger, and preserve them beyond the ordinarily allotted time.—[Detroit Free Press.

"CHUB HEAPS."

Peculiar Mounds Built by Fish in the St. Lawrence River.

Nests That are Composed of Huge Heaps of Pebbles.

It has been our custom each afternoon to row out among some of the islands of the thousand or more that crowd and jostle each other in the St. Lawrence River, and then allow the boat to drift with the west wind.

One day we drifted along in water ten or twelve feet deep, watching the fishes upon the bottom, the waving weed that formed the carpet of the little bay, when the prow of the boat almost grazed a miniature mountain that, apparently without reason, rose precipitously from the bottom. It presented so singular an appearance that we stopped the boat. Reaching over I touched the summit and picked from it a stone or pebble, which later I had the curiosity to weigh. A small steamer ran dodging in and out among the islands on certain days in the week, passing through very narrow passages where the wild roses almost met on either side, and I at first assumed that this singular heap was of ashes or clinkers that had been thrown over from the little vessel, but the stone which I brought up disproved this.

It was a piece of granite, worn by the water, and a slight investigation showed that the entire pile was made up of stones, the whole amounting to almost a carload and weighing, we estimated, over a ton—possibly two or more.

For many yards about there was not a pebble to be seen upon the bottom; the nearest deposit was a beach, 100 feet away, and from here the stones must have been brought and dropped one by one. There were thousands of them, and the more we looked and investigated the more extraordinary it appeared. Certainly it could not have been the work of boys, as to have accumulated such a heap would have exhausted the patience of the most energetic lover of outdoor life. We were puzzled, and after measuring the heap and finding that it was nearly five feet high and seven or eight feet across we drifted on, to run across several others—one in deeper water and apparently larger, while another was smaller and seemingly but half completed.

Finally an old guide on the river said it was a "chub heap"—and the mystery was solved. The piles, that must have been a tremendous piece of work, were the results of the labors of a fish known as the chub—more commonly as the "stone toter"—while those familiar with the fish will remember it as semotilus bullaris.

The stone toter is an attractive fish attaining a length of a foot and a half, has silvery scales and bright eyes. The pile of stones is their work—the nest, or home, or castle, where their eggs are deposited and where the little stone toters first see the light of day. Instinctively the parent fish collects stones and drops them in the place selected. Probably, in the first year, the castle does not rise above a first story, and is but the foundation for the vast aggregation that is to follow.

Among these foundation stones the eggs are deposited, there finding protection from the catfishes and others that prey upon such delicacies. As each successive season comes around it is doubtless added to; several generations of fishes in all probability working at the nest, collecting stones often of astonishing weight when the size of the fish is remembered, and dropping them upon the growing pile that finally almost reaches the surface, as we have seen. The labor and patience involved in this work can only be realized when the stone mountain is examined, and the fish seen swimming by it.

How many journeys to distant points are required to accummulate all these pebbles can be imagined, and that the stone castle is only erected after arduous labor can readily be surmised. In the localities where the dace is common, several nests or towers are often found in a comparatively restricted area, so that in "toting" the stones the little builders have to cross each other's nests, and it is not impossible that sometimes stones are slyly taken from each other's nests, though it is fair to say that such sharp practices have not been observed.

Among the sunfishes, that are also nest builders, invaders are challenged and promptly driven from the neighborhood.—[New York Herald.

The Travels of a Diamond.

Twenty-three years ago last February as a Newark (N. J.) jeweler was about to close his store one stormy night, a shabby young man entered and offered to sell him a gold ring containing a diamond stone, surrounded by a circle of smaller gems. He asked $150 for the ring, saying it was all he had in the world. The man declared he must dispose of it that night, but his anxiety made the jeweler more fearful, and at last he firmly refused to have anything further to do with the matter until the next day.

On the morrow the visitor came again, saying he had pawned the ring for a trifling sum, as he was forced to do so to get accommodations for the night, but desired the jeweler to go with him to the pawnbroker's shop and examine the stone more closely. The merchant did so and made a bargain for the ring, paying the difference between his price and the pawn debt. The jeweler asked no questions although the fellow could probably have told an interesting story about the stone. He reset the stone in a lady's ring and a month later it was carried away by an exultant lover, and it sparkled on the hand of a blushing bride in high life soon after.

Ten years later the same jeweler paid a half starved, shivering woman exactly what her lover had paid for the ring a week before her marriage, and as she led away her golden-haired girl she felt that she was rich with what she would have thrown aside a decade before. The next purchaser was a portly old gentleman, who gave the stone to his young wife, whom he had taken from her school books to assume the management of a grand old mansion.

It was just two years ago that the old gentleman, still hale and hearty, entered the jeweler's store, leading by the hand a bright-eyed little fellow, whom he introduced as his son and heir. Then he stated the object of his visit. He said the ring reminded him too much and too painfully of the fair young mother who never saw the face of her baby boy.—[Jewellers' Weekly.

Results from an Invention.

Dr. Lardner, writing of the steam engine, said: "To enumerate its present effects would be to count almost every comfort and every luxury of life. It has increased the sum of human happiness, not only by calling new pleasures into existence, but by so cheapening former enjoyments as to render them attainable by those who before could never have hoped to share them. The surface of the land and the face of the waters are traversed with equal facility by its power; and by thus stimulating and facilitating the intercourse of nation with nation, and the commerce of people with people, it has knit together remote countries by bonds of amity not likely to be broken.

"Streams of knowledge and information are kept flowing between distant centers of population, those more advanced diffusing civilization and improvement among those that are more backward. The press itself, to which mankind owes, in so large a degree, the rapidity of its improvement in modern times, has had its power and influence increased in a manifold ratio by its union with the steam engine. It is thus that literature is cheapened, and by being cheapened, diffused; it is thus that reason has taken the place of force and the pen has superseded the sword; it is thus that war has almost ceased upon the earth, and that the differences which inevitably arise between people and people are for the most part adjusted by peaceful negotiations."—[Scientific American.

Paper Belts.

One of the largest establishments in this country has for some time been turning out paper belts that have the reputation of being superior in many respects to those of leather; these belts are made from pure linen stock, and are of any desired thickness, width, or length, having also a driving power equal to any other from an equal surface, and, while it is not claimed for them that they are adapted to all kinds of work, they are found to serve well as straight driving belts of not less than five inches in width. Where they have been tested side by side with leather belts for strength and durability, they are alleged to have proved equally satisfactory, adhering closely to the pulley, generating no electricity while running, being also flexible, and unaffected by temperature within ordinary limits, though there is one place in which they cannot be used, and that is where they have to run in water, or where they would be constantly subjected to moisture. It is admitted that this kind of belting is best adapted to heavy driving belts, and for this purpose it is not only much the cheapest material, but when once in position will run until worn out.—[New York Sun.

The Little Darlings.

Mrs. De Mover—Sakes alive! This is the noisiest neighborhood I ever got into. Just hear those children screech.

Maid—They're your own childers, mum.

Mrs. De Mover—Are they? How the little darlings are enjoying themselves.—[New York Weekly.

Inspecting the Portrait.

Maude—Well, mamma, how do you like it? Does it look like me?

Mamma—Humph! The face is good enough, but no one would ever think that dress cost your dear papa $3000.—[Puck.

Ludicrous Etiquette.

Herr Wermuth, the Imperial Commissioner from the German Empire to the World's Fair, is a great stickler for form and etiquette. He was chief commissioner from Germany at the Melbourne Exposition in 1888. The story is related by a gentleman who was present that at a banquet given by Sir James McBain, president of the exposition, to the foreign commissioners, one of the speakers referred to the little trouble between England and Germany that was being caused by King Malieton and the Samoans. Herr Wermuth, considering that the topic was one that was out of place, arose and left the banquet hall without a word. On another occasion at a party given by Sir Henry Loch, the then Governor of Victoria, Herr Wermuth was promenading on the veranda when he met the Governor's aide-de-camp. The German, with imposing dignity, doffed his hat and made a most elaborate bow, which was returned in kind by the aide. On turning to retrace his steps the same people met and the same performance was gone through with. This was kept up for some time, the German stopping and making the most profound bow on every occasion. Finally the aide, highly amused, responded to Herr Wermuth's salutation with a simple smile of recognition, deeming such sufficient. The German's face clouded and he stopped in the middle of his bow highly astonished and indignant. He at once sought the Governor and indignantly asserted that he had been grossly insulted. It took all of Sir Henry's diplomacy to smooth the matter over, which was finally ended by the aide's making the most humble apology.—[St. Louis Republic.

What Makes Sugar so White.

People who are on the lookout for adulterated food often submit samples of cube sugar for analysis, says a chemist. Here is a lump taken from a down-town restaurant. The bowl was filled with cubes of the same suspicious appearance. It has a bluish tint and the man who brought it to me thought it might be adulterated with something harmful to the system. It needed no chemical test to find out what was the matter. All white sugar, and especially that manufactured in cubes, is charged in the pans with a very minute quantity of ultra-marine. The purpose is to make it a purer white, the blue tint really deceiving the eye. If this were not done, the snowy cubes would be a dirty-gray appearance. This blue tint is the result of carelessness, the quantity of coloring matter being slightly in excess. There's not enough in it to hurt a child.—[Boston Transcript.

A Railroad on Tree-Tops.

In Somona County, Cal., there exists an original piece of railroad engineering that is not to be found in the books. In the upper part of that country near the coast may be seen an actual railroad bed on tree-tops. Between the Clipper Mills and Stuart Point, where the road crosses a deep ravine, the trees are sawed off on a level with the surrounding hills, and the timbers and ties laid on the stump. In the center of the ravine mentioned two huge redwood trees, standing side by side form a substantial support. These giants have been lopped off seventy-five feet above the bed of the creek. This natural tree bridge is considered one of the wonders of the Golden State, and for safety and security is all that may be desired.—[Phrenological Journal.

The Color of Water.

What is the color of pure water? Almost any person who has no special knowledge of the subject will reply at once, "It has no color." Yet everybody knows, either through hearsay or by the evidence of his own eyes, that the ocean is blue. Why the ocean looks blue is a question that few who have crossed it have ever sought to solve, and there are probably many travelers who, though they have seen most of the famous rivers and lakes in the world, have failed to notice the remarkable difference in color which their waters present. Even the ocean is not uniform in color; in some places its waters are green or even yellowish.—[Nature.

Chili's Curious Currency.

The money of Chili at present is peculiar. Mr. Hoffman has his pocket full of it. It consists of small tags of pasteboard, on which a man writes the value for which he is willing to redeem it, putting his name on the back. It then begins to circulate until it finally gets back to the source from which it emanated.—[Boston Traveller.

A Tough Time.

"I'll trouble you for the time," said the footpad to the gentleman with a gold watch in a dark street.

"It's just striking one," said the gentleman, hitting the highwayman between the eyes.

"Don't hit with you- second hand,' said the footpad, skipping off.—[Detroit Free Press.

Questioning.

If there is a doubt in your heart today
That stretches its shadow across to me,
If you cannot look in my eyes and say,
"My trust is perfect and full and free."
For the sake of a day that would work us woe,
I pray you pity and tell me so.

When you look into my eyes and kiss my face,
And hold me close to your throbbing heart,
Is there ever in it a hint or place
That tells you we could in the future part?
Does a doubt, as faint as an unknown breath,
Suggest a parting that was not death?

Dear love, search so deep in your heart I pray,
That its dimmest corner shall come to light,
Then look me straight in the eyes and say
The truth, as the truth seems just and right;
If your love can change—ah, love does, I know—
I pray you pity and tell me so.
—[C. M. Manville, in New York Press.

HUMOROUS.

Worth his weight in gold—The hotel waiter.

Pain will frequently transform a child into a groan person.

There is one crop that is pretty short this season—the hair crop.

The tramp is always too ill to saw wood after dinner, but he is up and about.

Ladies do not like to grow old, and yet they are the very first to adopt new wrinkles.

It is when straws are made up into hats that they show which way the wind blows.

People who are really missed when away never appreciate their importance when present.

Miss De Plain—Doctor, what is the secret of beauty? Family Physician (confidentially)—Be born pretty.

Tom—Have you asked Bessie yet? Jack—Yes. Tom—What did she say? Jack—That she would take vanilla.

Maud—I wonder why they call it the angry sea. Webb—Perhaps because so many people persist in crossing it.

When you hear a man say that he has lost all faith in humanity put him down as one who is not on good terms with his own conscience.

It would only be in accordance with the eternal fitness of things if that baby found by the street car conductors should be named Oscar.

Miss Ugly Girl—The whole affair was so absurd that, I assure you, I could hardly keep my countenance. Miss Flip—Why did you want to?

Bachelor—Fred, how do you define a love letter? Benedict—A love letter is a thing that ten years afterward you generally wish you hadn't written.

Sculptor St. Gauden's remark that there are only four men in this country who can design coins, and that he is one of them, shows how closely genius is allied to a profound appreciation of it.

Aunt (ending her story)—And three lieutenants fell in the attack. College Girl—And is it possible there are people in the world heartless enough to kill a lieutenant?

Warden (of insane asylum)—This poor woman imagines she is shopping all the time. Sometimes she sits in silence for whole weeks. Visitor—What is she doing then? Warden—It is supposed that she imagines she is waiting for the change.

"Now, little boys, can you tell me," said a Columbus teacher, "what the effect of tobacco is upon the system?" Little Billy, who has wrestled with his first chew, promptly held up his hand. "Well, Billy, what is the effect?" "Makes ye wisht ye wuz dead!"

Charlemagne's Tablecloths.

Several Sharpsburg ladies are anxious to learn how Charlemagne's tablecloths were washed by throwing them in the fire. One faction argues that each cloth was burned as soon as it became soiled, thus rendering washing unnecessary.

It is a fact that the tablecloths from which the great ruler ate his royal boar's head and boiled cabbage was cleansed by casting them into a hot fire. They were made of asbestos. This substance is found in the Alps, the Pyrenees and the Ural mountains, in many parts of Asia and Africa, in the Alleghenies and Blue Ridge, in several Western states, in the Andes of South America and in the mountains of Australia.

The best samples come from Sardinia and Corsica, whence was probably obtained that for the manufacture of the celebrated tablecloth mentioned. Asbestos may be woven into textile fabrics, though no great proficiency has been obtained in this art, its principal use being for fire-proof flooring and as packing in safes, in journal boxes and around steam pipes.

It is indestructible by heat, and for the entertainment of his guests Charlemagne would at the conclusion of a feast order the tablecloth to be thrown into the fire, whence, to the mystification of all, it would come forth cleansed but unconsumed.—[Pittsburg Commercial Gazette.

The North Carolinian.

Published Every Wednesday.

For terms and advertising rates see first page.

Communications relative to and of the interest of the Albemarle District solicited.

THE ELIZABETH CITY FAIR.

The agriculture of to-day stands upon broad and deep foundations, and one of the most potent factors in bringing it to this state of excellence and to be relied upon for its continuance and further progress, has been the Agricultural Fairs of the country.

But these regular annual Fairs are not partial to any class of people. They are *everybody's* institutions. The opportunities for sight-seeing and friend meeting give them a pleasant attractiveness to all the people. They furnish more enjoyment and a greater amount of valuable information than can, for more than double the money, be obtained elsewhere.

The Elizabeth City Fair has contributed its full share in benefiting this section. The five annual exhibitions already held have accomplished much good in divers ways, and the Managers are sparing no effort in making the one of this year still more attractive, interesting and useful. Let everybody attend it and have a royal good time.

A STRIKING CONTRAST

What an awfully "bankrupt" United States Treasury it is! Secretary Foster tells the owners of $50,000,000 of 4½ bonds to step up to the office and exchange them for 2 per cent bonds or take their money. Is that the way bankrupt concerns talk and act? When Republicans took hold of affairs thirty years ago a Democratic Treasurer was paying 12 per cent, and glad to get money at that.

It is stated that Gen. Grant was the only President who ever perpetrated a pun in a State paper, and that he did it in one of his messages when he said: "Agriculture is the groundwork of our National prosperity." Though a pun it expressed a great truth.

Major McKinley continues to turn the fire of the enemies' guns on themselves by reading Mr. Cleaveland's anti-free coinage letter from the stump. It has not yet been decided whether this is most cruel to Mr, Cleveland or the Buckeye Democrats.

It is said that having been so much abused by North Carolina Democrats, Col, Polk, of the "Farmers Alliance," has concluded to run for Governor next year and test the allegation that he has no standing in his own State. He would make it "red hot" for somebody.

The value of the exports from the United States during the twelve months ending July 31, 1891, was $892,690,107 as against $860,015,297 in 1890, while the value of imports was $833,694,888 in 1890 91 as compared with $795,082,775 in 1889-90.

The Canadians may just as well stop their grumbling over their census. If they want Canada to grow they must bring it into a Nation that has been growing for a hundred years, and is hard at it yet.

A cotemporary remarks that a prominent Free Trade writer traces a direct connection between a Protective Tariff and disease. Well now that we are reminded of it, it does make foreign manufacturers sick occasionally.

The great American public likes McKinley sugar so well that during three months from April 1 to July 1 it took 382,408 820 more pounds of it than during the corresponding period of 1890.

In 1889 the Government Indian Bureau paid 42 cents a dozen for spool cotton which it bought this year for 31 cents. Good for the McKinley bill!

Every one who receives wages or has a fixed salary has a right to demand that the purchasing power of his money shall not be diminished.

Gold is already coming back to the United States from Europe. This is another of the reassuring signs of the times.

Col. Sam. H. Smith, of Winston, has been appointed Commissioner General of the Southern Inter-State Exposition.

The wild Western "calamity" shouters have discovered that they broke loose on the wrong year.

The University at Chapel Hill has opened with 225 students, the largest number since 1860.

The Republican dollar is the one that is always worth 100 cents.

The business outlook is improving all over the country.

THE AMERICAN FARMER.

The American farmer is rising fast now as a figure in the commercial world. On the average he has had a hard time of it for several years. Crops and prices have both been poor. He has had at once harder work and poorer return for it than the man in the town. He saw for a long time town values going up and farm values going down. But for the past year the tide has been turning. It was scarcely visible, only a flutter of the pulse, as it were, but the pulse of new life has been beating visibly in farm values. A Western exchange states:

"Lands in Iowa have increased an average of $3 or $4 an acre in the last eighteen months, thus giving to the farmers of Iowa several millions of dollars of the increment of involuntary expansion. In the same time the Iowa farmers have paid off over eleven millions of dollars of mortgages. In Kansas values of lands have also gone up, some seven millions of dollars of farm mortgages paid off in a year. It is safe to say that in the northwest alone the farmers have paid up in the last eighteen months $50,000,000 in mortgages."

That strange thing which rules in the world so capriciously and yet so surely, making for the past decade speculatian in town and city uppermost and farm values flat, has now nearly reached the climax and the turn is coming. The next wave of wealth, bringing thousands of millions of profit to those who invite it by investment, will be over the farmer.

The farmers' "better days" are coming. He is going to be the citizen of prosperity and consequence, and, too, he is going to be felt in public affairs. He is honest and generous, and will seek for the truth and find it. His course will be patriotic, and, after full and faithful investigation, intelligent.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our Regular Correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, September 5, 1891.

The President keeps in constant touch with the business of all branches of the Government by having the members of the Cabinet take turns in visiting him at Cape May Point. Secretary Rusk spent several days with him this week and as soon as he returned to Washington Secretary Tracy paid him a visit. Mr. Wanamaker, who is now at his desk, spent the greater part of his vacation as a neighbor of the President, as he is the owner of a cottage at Cape May Point.

It is now regarded at the department of State as certain that the German market for American pork, bacon and hams will shortly be open without restriction. It has now been nearly ten years since Germany practically closed her markets to these American products and her example was speedily followed by Austria and other smaller European powers, thus shutting out American hog growers from markets in which the trade would probably average from $8,000,000 to $10,000,000 per year. From the day that the present administration came into power every energy has been strained to get these markets back again, and now that success is in sight the members of the administration very naturally feel pleased and proud. It is specially a great thing for the farmers of Iowa, Illinois, Ohio, Missouri, Indiana, Kansas, Nebraska and Wisconsin, who produce in round Ogures more than one-half of the hogs—in value—in the United States and who furnish a much larger proportion of the hog products for export. And this comes at a good time, for the enormous corn crop of the present year means that the farmers will have a big surplus of meat products for export.

The talk about the possibility of President Polk of the Farmers' Alliance having to fight a duel with an abusive North Carolina editor has reminded many people of how Senator Blair when personally attacked in a speech in the Senate by Senator Butler, of South Carolina, stated in language not to be misunderstood that while he disapproved of duelling he should nevertheless consider it his duty to fight should he be challenged. He wasn't challenged, nor was he again attacked by any fiery Southern Senator. Polk might draw a profitable lesson from Mr, Blair's experience.

Secretary Proctor has written a letter to the Governor of Vermont accepting the appointment tendered him to serve the unexpired term of Senator Edmunds in the United States Senate. His appointment as Senator will take effect November 1, the date of Mr. Edmund's resignation, and it is presumed that he will on the last day of October retire from the cabinet, although there is a possibility that he may do so sooner.

Do not weaken the stomach with strong chemicals. Simmons Liver Regulator is mild but effective.

Uncle Jerry Rusk Down South in Dixie.

The visitors who attend the Southern Exposition will have the pleasure of seeing Uncle Jeremiah Rusk, the practical Secretary of Agriculture for the United States. He has consented to be present during the Exposition and deliver an address. Every one in the South has heard of Uncle Jeremiah and the seeds he sends out, and they have become to feel that they know him almost as well as they do neighbor Jones.

State Auditor Sanderlin arrived in Raleigh Friday afternoon from Statesville. He narrowly escaped death in the Third-Creek disaster. He is yet very feeble, speaks with difficulty, and cannot walk without careful support. His entire right side is so sore from bruises that it cannot be touched. It will require several weeks' rest to restore him.

The Home Market the Best.

Speech of President Harrison at Bellows Falls, Vt.

MY FELLOW CITIZENS—I greatly appreciate the value and importance of these manufacturing centers, which are now, fortunately for us, not characteristic of New England alone, but are found west of the Ohio and the Mississippi and of the Missouri. I am one of those who believe that in a diversification of pursuits we make most rapid increase in wealth and attain the best social relations and development. I am one of those who believe that Providence did not set apart the United States to a purely agricutural region, furnishing its surplus to supply the lack of other people of the world, while they do all the manufacturing for us.

We shall raise our own food, and a manufacturing class, withdrawn from agriculture and other pursuits, shall furnish the farmer a market for his surplus, near to his fields and gardens, which he exchanges for the products of the loom and shop. I would not introduce politics. I do not intend to cross any lines of division, but I think we shall agree, though we may differ as to the means by which it is to be done, that the nearer together the producer and consumer can be brought the less waste there is in transportation and the greater gain in wealth.

It is known to you all that our 65,000,000 people furnish, per capita, a larger market than any other like number of people. This grows out of the fact that our capacity for purchasing is larger than is found in those countries where poverty holds a larger sway. The workman buys more and has more to buy with than in any other land in the world. (Applause)

I mentioned the other day at St. Albans that this was the era for the battle for a market. The whole world is engaged in it. The thought was suggested to me by a sentence in the address of President Bartlett at the observance of the battle of Bennington in 1777. He said "trading Manchester furnished two regiments to to Burgoyne to conquer a market." The foreign policy of the United States has never been selfish. There has always been, if you will trace it through through the struggle of Greece and of our South American neighbors for independence and a free government, a brave, generous tone of sympathy with struggling people the world round in our diplomatic policy. I think we may well challenge the comparison with the foreign policy of any other great government in the world in this regard. It has never been our policy to push our trade forward at the point of the bayonet. We have always believed that commerce should have peaceful, natural progress. We have always believed that it should be urged upon the grounds of mutual advantage; and upon this ground alone are we now endeavoring by every means in our power to open the markets of our sister republics in Central and South America to the products of American shops and farms. We do not covet their territory. The day of filibustering aggression has gone by in the United States. We covet their good will. We wish for them settled institutions of government, and we desire those exchanges that are mutually profitable. We have found that we were receiving from some of these countries enormous annual imports of sugar, coffee and hides, and we have now placed these articles upon the free list upon the condition that they give to the products of the United State fair reciprocity. (Applause.)

Ulcerated sore leg, with a running sore of several years' standing, which the doctors thought incurable, and amputation was regarded as the only relief, the patient scarcely able to walk before, now runs, apparently well. The cure was made by P P P and is known throughout Savannah as one of the great cures that P P P, the wonderful blood medicine, has made.

Headache is readily cured by P P P, which tones and regulates the digestion and creates an appetite.

The best spring medicine in the world is P P P. If you would be well and in good spirits use P P P. If weak and debilitated and run down take P P P. For a spring medicine to cure and tone up the general ailments of the system take P P P, (Prickly Ash, Poke Root and Potassium.)

Abbott's East Indian Corn Paint is a quick cure for Corns, Bunions and warts.

Cure Your Corns by Using Abbott's East Indian Corn Paint for Corns, Bunions and Warts, it is great.

A Fine Republican Year.

Boston Herald.

The railroads are short of cars, the great grain elevators are running to their utmost capacity, and everything that has sail or steam power and tonnage sufficient to carry a cargo of grain to Europe is under charter. It is a glorious year for Uncle Samuel and all his people.

Guaranteed Cure for La Grippe.

We authorize our advertised druggist to sell you Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, upon this condition. If you are afflicted with La Grippe and will use this remedy according to directions, giving it a fair trial, and experience no benefit, you may return the bottle and have your money refunded. We make this offer because of the wonderful success of Dr. King's New Discovery during last season's epidemic. Have heard of no case in which it failed. Try it. Trial bottles free at A. Wadsworth's drug store. Large size 50c and $1.

Mr. John Robinson, Commissioner of Agriculture says that there will be twenty-one fairs held in the State this year. His statistics also make a fine showing for our cotton factories. There were just after the war sixty mills in the State. In 1890 they had increased to 116 and this year there are 134 cotton mills in operation in North Carolina.

THE RACES.

There is magic in the races,
Everybody watches when they go,
Nothing at the Fair suits better,
It's a climax of the show.
When the bell rings up the horses,
How the people start and run,
Deacons old as well as laymen
Much enjoy the fun,
And the halls are then deserted,
While the fakers place is bare,
Everybody wants to view the races,
"Agricultural" as they are.
How the people shout and hollow,
When they're coming down the stretch
Where each driver does his prettiest
The leading horse to catch.
It helps the old grow younger,
Brings fond remembrance back,
And the slumbering fires rekindle
As they glide around the track
It makes the weak grow stronger
And puts their hearts afire;
Nothing seen is more exciting
Than the struggle for the wire.
Amusements they are innocent
Conducted on the square,
Will hurt no one to patronize
As you'll see them at the Fair.

When you feel uncomfortable about the stomach take Simmons Liver Regulator.

United States Exhibit.

One interesting exhibit at the Southern Inter-State Exposition will be the display of the United States Commissioner of Education. He will make an exhibit especially interesting to all those who are connected with the educational work in the South; and every one, male and female, old and young, should be interested in education; and they should visit the Exposition and there see and learn what the United States Government is doing for education. Few people realize the fact that the Government has a great Education al Department at Washington.

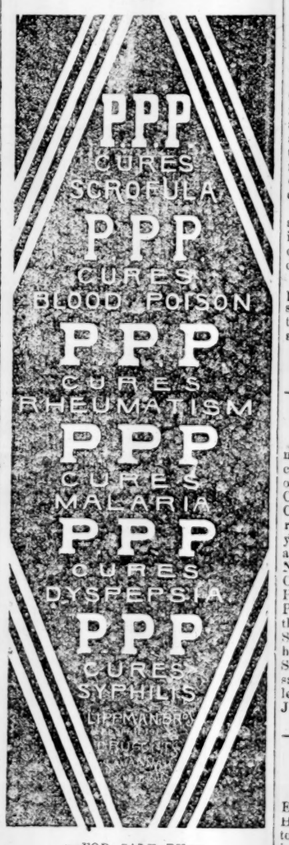
Nothing like it for dyspepsia and indigestion. Simmons Liver Regulator is a safe, sure cure.

To the Tobacco Growers of North Carolina.

The Chief of the U. S. Weather Bureau is about to perfect a system of Frost Warnings for the benefit of the tobacco growers in this State. The cold-wave flag (white flag, square with black center) will be the frost warning symbol, and display stations will be established wherever a displayman (preferably a tobacco grower or some interested person) can be secured who will purchase or make his own flag and display it from a tall staff for the benefit of the community or section, Bulleting the information, utilizing the press, railroad wires, telephones, etc, will form part of the general plan of giving these warnings to the people of the several counties were tobacco is grown.

Tobacco growers or any other persons who wish to receive the frost warnings are requested to correspond with the undersigned.

C. F. von Herrmann,
Observer U. S. Weather Bureau,
Raleigh, N. C.



—FOR SALE BY—
GRIGGS & CARTWRIGHT
AND
ALEX. WADSWORTH.



The Baldwin Bros.,
— WHO MADE THE —
Balloon Ascension and Parachute Leap
at the FAIR a year ago, will again perform the same marvelous feats at
THE ELIZABETH CITY FAIR
this year on THURSDAY of next week, September 17th.

LOOK OUT!!!



for these imitations and substitutes, they are poor stuff at the best and increase your misery. Take Simmons Liver Regulator only. You will know it by the large red Z on the face of every package and by the relief it gives when taken for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Constipation, Biliousness and Sick Headache.

TAKE SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR ONLY

J. H. ZEILIN & CO., Phila'a, Pa.

NOTICE

NORTH CAROLINA, Pasquotank County. In the Superior Court.

S. C. Grice and others, plaintiffs, vs P. Clifford Richardson and others, defendants

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court upon the affidavit filed in this cause, that the defendants Mary I. Richardson, Florence L. Davenport, Flossie Glover, Jack Glover and Susan Glover cannot after due diligence be found in the State and are non-residents of the State, but own property in the State, and the plaintiffs have a just cause of action against them of which this Court has jurisdiction: It is therefore ordered by the Court on motion of Grandy & Aydlett, Attorneys for plaintiffs, that publication be made six weeks in the NORTH CAROLINIAN, a newspaper published in Elizabeth City, Pasquotank county, N. C., notifying the defendants to appear before the Clerk of this Court, in Elizabeth City, N. C., on the 24th day of September next, and answer or demur as they may be advised or judgment will be rendered against them by default.

The purpose of this action is to sell real estate to make partition.

It is further ordered by the Court that a publication of a copy of this order for six successive weeks shall be sufficient notice to the defendants for service of summons in this cause.

J. P. OVERMAN,
August 17, '91. Clerk Superior Court

NOTICE.

NORTH CAROLINA, Pasquotank County. In the Superior Court, July 9th, 1891

John F. Davis, plaintiff, vs. E. A. Parmele & J. B. Eccleston, trading as Parmele & Eccleston, defendants.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court upon the affidavit filed in this cause, that the defendants cannot be found in the State, and are non residents of the State, but own property in the State, and the plaintiff has a cause of action against them of which this Court has jurisdiction; it is therefore on motion of Grandy & Aydlett, attorneys for plaintiff, ordered by the Court that publication be made six weeks in the NORTH CAROLINIAN a newspaper published in Elizabeth City, notifying the said defendants to appear at the next term of this Court to be held in Elizabeth City, N. C., on the third Monday in September, next, and answer or demur as they may be advised, or judgement will be rendered against them by default. The purpose of this action is to recover the sum of $259.05 money due for the sale of lumber and money advanced to defendants according to contract.

Let the defendants also take notice that a warrant of attachment has been issued in this cause returnable to the next term of this Court against the property of the defendants in North Carolina.

It is further ordered by the Court that a publication of a copy of this order for six successive weeks shall be sufficient notice to the defendants for service of summons and attachment in this cause.

J. P. OVERMAN
Clerk Superior Court

EXECUTION SALE.

By virtue of an execution directed to me from the Superior Court of Pasquotank county, I will sell at the Court House door in Elizabeth City, N. C., on the highest bidder, for cash, all the right, title and interest which A. Sawyer has in the following described real and personal property, to-wit: Living in Newland township, Pasquotank county, N. C., adjoining the lands of J. B. Britt, Henry Hewett, Robert Morgan and the Pasquotank River, and containing about three hundred and twenty (320) acres. Said sale to satisfy executions in my hands for collection against said D. A. Sawyer in favor of John L. Hinton, said property having been heretofore levied upon by me according to law.

July 8, '91. T. P. WILCOX,
Sheriff Pasquotank Co

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

The undersigned having qualified as Executors upon the estate of the late John H. Perry deceased, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and all persons having claims against the said estate to present them within one year from the date of this notice or it will be pleaded in bar of recovery. This July 21st, 1891,

J. W. PERRY,
T. C. PERRY,
Executors.

Guilford College.

Elegant buildings, fine equipments, superior advantages in all Departments. Three full College courses and also

NORMAL AND BUSINESS COURSES.

Lessons in Type writing and Lhort hand. Thorough instructors, large and valuable

LIBRARIES.

Unusually fine Cabinet of Natural History. A handsome

—Y. M. C. A.—

HALL AND GYMNASIUM

now building. The leading co-educational College in the South.

Guilford College won the

ORATORICAL MEDAL

in the late intercollegiate contest.

Beautifully located and unsurpassed in moral and christian influences.

Fall Term opens August 19th, 1891.

Write for Catalogue to

L. LYNDON HOBBS, A. M.,
Robt. C. Root, B. S President.
Treasurer, Guilford College,
Guilford County, N. C.

Fall term opens August 19th.

Fish Advertisements

SHIP YOUR SHAD AND OTHER CHOICE FISH TO

CALEB HALEY & O

Wholesale Commission Dealers and Shippers of all kinds of

FRESH FISH.



14 Fulton Fish Market,
New York.
WRITE FOR STENCILS AND STATIONERY

FULTON FISH CO.

Wholesale Commission Dealers and Shippers of all kinds of

FRESH FISH



LOBSTERS, TERRAPIN &C.
Fulton Wholesale Fish Market, N. Y.
North Carolina Fish a Specialty.
Stencils and stationary furnished on application.

SANNER BROS.,

Wholesame Commission Merchants for the sale of

FRESH FISH,



SOFT CRABS, TERRAPIN, GAME, &C.
116 HOLLINGSWORTH STREET,
BALTIMORE, MD
Consignments Solicited. Good Prices Prompt Returns

If you want to obtain the Highest Market price for your

FRESH FISH,



Game and Terrapin,
—SHIP TO—
I. A. Lee & Co.,
27 and 28 Dock St. Fish Market,
PHILADELPHIA, PA

O. S. HARDING & CO

Wholesale Commission Dealers in

FRESH FISH



Game and Terrapin,
Special attention paid to sale of North Carolina Shad.
Nos 9, 10, 36 & 37 Dock Street
PHILADELPHIA, PA.
Consignments solicited and Shipping Orders promptly attended to.

S. L. STORER & CO,

Wholesale Commission Dealers and Shippers of all kinds of

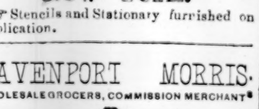
Fresh Fish,



Lobsters, Turtle, &c.
No. 19, Fulton Fish Market,
New York.
Stencils and Stationary furnished on application.

DAVENPORT MORRIS.

WHOLESALE GROCERS, COMMISSION MERCHANTS



And Dealers in Fish,
RICHMOND, VA.

Consignments of North Carolina Herring solicited, and proceeds remitted in cash

On account of our intimate acquaintance and frequent transactions with the Grocery trade of the West and South we are able to handle North Caroina Fish to the very best possible advantage, and we are known everywhere as the largest distributors in this market.

A. W. HAFF.

Successor to

Lanphear & Haff,

Wholesale Commission Dealer



In Fresh Fish, Lobsters
Etc., Etc.
NO. 12 FULTON FISH MARKET
NEW YORK.
North Carolina Shad a Specialty
No Agents.

TWO HOUSES AND LOTS

FOR SALE.

The undersigned offers, at private sale, two houses and lots in Elizabeth City, N. C., to-wit:

One house and lot on Road street. The building is large enough for a dwelling with front part well adapted for a small grocery or store; the lot is 90 feet front and 208 in depth, Good water at the door.

The other is located on Ehringhaus street; the house is a good sized two-story one, and the lot is 60 by 208 feet. Also good water.

For terms apply to

W. W. GRAVES,
Elizabeth City, N. C.

Notice.

NORTH CAROLINA,
PASQUOTANK COUNTY.

Know all men by these presents: That C. E. Kramer, John A. Kramer, Allen K. Kramer, Joseph P. Kramer and R. O. Prever, having made application in due form of law for Letters of Incorporation under the name and style of Kramer Bros. & Co. (Incorporated), and having paid the tax and costs required by the Revisal of the Code of North Carolina;

Now therefore, by virtue of the power conferred upon me by the said Code, I do hereby declare

That the said C. E. Kramer, John A. Kramer, Allen K. Kramer, Joseph P. Kramer and R. O. Prever, and their associates and successors, be and the same are hereby constituted a body corporate, under the name and style of Kramer Bros. & Co. (Incorporated), and be shall sue and be sued, acquire and sell real and personal property, adopt a common seal, elect such officers as may determine, and define the duties and powers, make by-laws and regulations for their own government and for the due and orderly conducting of their affairs, and the management of their property, and perform all other acts authorized by law for a corporation to perform.

2. That said Corporation shall have the power to (a) operate steam, saw and planing mills in Elizabeth City, N. C., and if necessary to own and operate one or more steam vessels in connection therewith; (b) to manufacture and deal in all kinds of lumber, building material and furniture; (c) to buy and sell real property, and (d) to erect houses for sale or on contract.

3. That said Corporation shall have its place of business in Elizabeth City, N. C., and may continue for the space of ten years from the 17th day of August, A. D. 1891.

4. That said Corporation may commence business whenever twelve thousand and five hundred [$12,500] dollars have been subscribed and actually paid in, but may at any time increase its capital stock to the sum of thirty thousand [$30,000] dollars, to be represented by six hundred [600] shares of the par value of Fifty [$50] Dollars each.

In witness thereof I, J. P. Overman, clerk of the Superior Court of Pasquotank county, have hereunto subscribed my name and affixed my seal of office at Elizabeth City, in said county, on this the 17th day of August, A. D. 1891.

J. P. OVERMAN,
Clerk of the Superior Court
of Pasquotank County, N. C.

UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA.

The Next Term Begins Sept. 8. Entrance Examinations Sept. 7.

Tuition $30 per term. Needy young men of talent and character will be aided with scholarships and loans. Besides the General Courses of Study, which offer a wide range of elective studies, there are courses in Law, Medicine and Engineering. For catalogue, &c, address the President,

Geo. T. Winston,
Chapel Hill, N. C.



BUSINESS EDUCATION.



AT TEND THE Commercial College
Of Kentucky University, LEXINGTON, KY.
S. W. Corner MAIN and UPPER Streets, opposite Court House.
WILBUR R. SMITH, PRESIDENT.
The Cheapest, best and Highest Endowed College.

PLEASURE BOATS



—AND—

CANOES.

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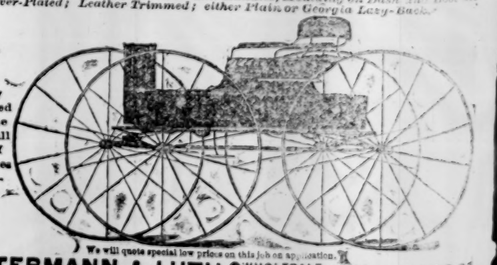
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RADICAL IMPROVEMENTS IN SEWING MACHINES.
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Buy the Best!
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THREE Pozzoni's POINTS
COMPLEXION
POWDER: SAFE; CURATIVE; BEAUTIFYING. 1. 2. 3.
THREE White, Flesh, Brunette. POZZONI'S All Druggists and Fancy Stores. POINTS

THREE QUARTER OPEN BUGGY
Hung on Elliptic Springs, also hung on Brewster or Elliptic Springs.
Finely Finished; Bands, Seat-Rail and Handles, Moulding on Dash and Boot all being Silver-Plated; Leather Trimmed; either Plain or Georgia Lazy-Back.



Write for our 56-page elegantly Illustrated Catalogue giving full details of all vehicles manufactured by us.

We will quote special low prices on this job on application.

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DIRECTORY.

THE CITY.

Mayor—W. C. Glover. Commissioners C. W. Overman, E. F. Aydlett, L. P. Etheridge, J. F. Snell and Elisha Overton. Clerk—J. W. Albertson jr. Treasurer—Geo. M. Scott. Constable and Collector—Thomas Spires. Attorney—W. J. Griffin, Collector of Customs—Palemon John. Postmaster—C. Guirkin.

Examining Surgeons of Pensions—Drs. J. E. Wood, W. W. Griggs and W. J. Lumsden. Meet on the 1st and 3rd Wednesdays of each month at corner of Road and Church streets.

CHURCHES.

Methodist—Rev. E. M. Jordan, Pastor. Baptist—Rev. C. A. G. Thomas, Pastor. Episcopal—Rev. L. L. Williams, Rector. Presbyterian—Rev. F. H. Johnston, Pastor. Colored Methodist—Rev. M. P. Hawkins, Pastor. Baptist, Corner Stone—Elder Z. H. Berry, Pastor. Olive Branch—Elder J. A. Faulk, Pastor.

LODGES.

Masonic: Eureka Lodge, No. 317—Dr. W. W. Griggs W. M., D. B. Bradford Sec'y, and D. S. Kramer Treasurer.

Odd Fellows: Achoree Lodge, No. 14—Jac ob Salomkn-ky N. G., H. O. Hill, Sec'y, J. F. Sanders, Treasurer,

Royal Arcanum: Tiber Creek Council, No. 1209—Fred. Davis, Regent; M. B. Culpepper Secretary, C. E. Kramer, Treas r.

American Legion of Honor J. D. Fulmer, Commander; Zenas Fearing, Secretary, G. W. Bell, Treasurer.

Knights of Honor—John H. Burgess, Dictator; Wm. Towe, Reporter; Ed. Davis, Treasurer.

U. S. benevolent Fraternity—J. F. Sanders, President; C. E. Kramer, Recording Secretary; C. A. Banks, Financial Secretary; T. B. Wilson, Treasurer.

THE COUNTY.

Commissioners: G. M. Scott, Chairman; Elisha Lister, Elliott Whitehurst, Rufus Scott, M. W. Butkins. Sheriff, Tho's P. Wilcox. Superior Court Clerk, John P. Overman. Register of Deeds, M. B. Culpepper. Treasurer, Geo. W. Cobb. Board of Education. W. J. Griffin, R. B. Creecy jr., and N. E. Jones. Superintendent of Public Instruction, S. L. Sheep.

—MISCELLANEOUS.—

C. C. Pool,
Attorney-at-Law.
Real Estate a Specialty.
OFFICE IN THE CAROLINIAN BUILDING.
ELIZABETH CITY. - N. C.

J. W. ALBERTSON. J. W. ALBERTSON JR.
J. W. ALBERTSON & SON,
Attorneys and Counselors-at-Law
Practice in the Superior Courts of the Albemarle District, and the Supreme and Federal Courts of the State.

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BOOT & SHOEMAKER
2d door North of Poindexter Street Bridge, near the Depot
Patching and Mending Rubber Boots a specialty.

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At the Old Stand on Road Street
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New Albemarle House,
W. T. OSENTON, MANAGER.
Corner Main and Road Sts,
Elizabeth City, N C.
First-class Hotel. Elegant Rooms, Good Table, Polite Attention. Electric Bells and Lights. Free Bus.
TERMS:—$2 and $2.50 Per Day.

EAGLE HOTEL.
HERTFORD, N. C.
Joseph S. Long, Proprietor.
Free Hack to and from Depot to passengers stopping at Hotel
Special attention paid to the Comfort of Guests, Table well supplied, Rooms clean and tidy. Charges moderate.

WOODARD HOUSE
EDENTON, N. C.
This well-established HOTEL still offers first class accommodations to the traveling public,
FIRST CLASS BAR ATTACHED
Sample Room for Traveling Salesmen and Conveyances Furnished when Desired
Free Hacks to all Trains and Steamers
Terms Reasonable.
J L. ROGERSON, Proprietor

Nag's Head Hotel.
This delightful Summer Resort will be opened for the accommodation of guests on the
20TH DAY OF JUNE. 1891,
and will continue open during the season, under the management of the undersigned The hotel and surrounding have been recently greatly improved. Arrangements have been made for bountiful supplies of filtered and juniper water for drinking. A tramway is being erected from Sound to Ocean, and there will be bathing accommodations in both Sound and Sea. A comfortable Steamer will make
Daily Trips
from and after July 1st to and from Elizabeth City, connecting twice daily with regular trains going North and South.
TERMS OF BOARD:
$2 per day; $10 per week; $35 to $50 per month, according to the number of persons occupying a room.
For special terms apply to
J. M. WHEDBEE, Manager

The North Carolinian.

Wednesday, September 9, 1891.

☞Only one week to the Fair.

☞Camden Court next week.

☞Judge Brown is holding Court at Currituck this week.

☞At least one-half of last year's cotton crop in this county is still unsold.

☞Mrs. Benjamin James, of lower Pasquotank, died on Saturday. Age about 51 years.

☞The good weather of the past week was utilized by the farmers in saving fodder.

☞Mr. Nathaniel Perkins, a prominent citizen of Shiloh, Camden county, died on the 6th inst.

☞Among the new industries that would pay in Elizabeth City we will mention are a Foundry, a Glass Factory and the manufacture of Furniture.

☞A man's individuality is what brings him success in the world, but the individual that stays away from the Fair is taking back tracks towards failure.

☞Mr. W. L Davis and Miss Willie Coppersmith, both of Salem, this county, were married on Sunday. The ceremony was performed by Rev. C B. Williams.

☞Mr. Joseph Commander, a well known citizen of lower Pasquotank, died very suddenly on Wednesday evening. He had been in feeble health for some time.

☞The Managers authorize us to state that when they say that the Fair next week will be bigger, grander and better than ever before, they mean it, and will 'prove it to all who attend.

☞The insolvent tax list of Pasquotank county for 1890 only amounted to $17 80, the smallest amount ever returned before. The county never had a more efficient and popular Sheriff than the present incumbent.

☞The family that is tired with the work and heat of the summer should use the week of the Fair as a time for a picnic, and make every day a holiday. To the men it will furnish an opportunity for recreation, aye, and for the women, too. Let everybody embrace the opportunity.

☞Those who have spent "the season" at the mountains and the seashore are returning. Some of the flirtations of June, the sentimental entanglements of July and the outright lovers of August have developed into matrimonial engagements at the commencement of September. And what an amount of sympathetic amusement these progressive affairs have made for the observers!

☞Secretary Underwood suggests to parties residing in town that if they will make out a list of the articles they intend to place on exhibit at the Fair next week and hand it to him he will enter them on the book and give them the proper checks. This will save time and trouble both to them and him at the Fair Grounds. They can take their articles right in without any delay at the office.

☞Our esteemed young friend and townsman F. G. Thompson, who has been away about a year, returned on Thursday last with a fair young bride. He was married on the 1st inst, at Augusta, Ga, to Miss Dicie P. Arrington of that city. The marriage took place at the residence of Mr. L. S. Arrington. The many friends of Fred here welcome him and his charming wife and hope that they will remain with us. The CAROLINIAN tenders congraulations.

☞During the summer months the oyster has had a rest, but now that those spelled with an "r" have come the campaign against the succulent shell-fish will begin. By the way, the oyster trade has become an enormous one. A New York dealer reports that it amounts to $10,000,000 a year in that city alone. The foreign shipments have grown immensely. Ten years ago only about a dozen barrels were sent to Liverpool. Last year the average was 5,000 a week.

☞We again took occasion the other day to spend a few hours with our friend Capt. Sam Waters going over his farm and taking a view of his growing crops. We well remember the condition of the place when he located there. It was considered the "poorest land" in the county. A few years ago he resolved to improve it, and he has succeeded in making it wonderfully productive. The thin soil has been made fertile and the swamps have been reclaimed and the crop of corn on both will yield not less than fifty bushels an acre. When we hear a Pasquotank farmer complain that "farming doesn't pay," we feel like telling him that it is his own fault. Go and take lessons from Capt. Waters, adopt his practical methods and industriously carry them out and it will be found that farming *does* pay.

☞If sassafras bark is sprinkled among dried fruit it will keep out the worms.

——California canned goods in largest variety at Robinson & Co.

☞Nearly everybody in this and adjacent counties is now thinking of the great Fair which will open here next Wednesday.

——The BARGAIN COUNTER at Fowler & Co's is next the office. Be sure to look it over.

☞A metropolitan editor remarks that the summer girl and the oyster come to town together, and it might be hard to tell which of them, on an average, was the more jaded.

—We are imitated by competitors in everything but prices. Robinson & Co.

☞The man who manages a small farm, first, to supply his family all that he possibly can for their support and comfort, and then chooses wisely some specialty for a money product, will, as a rule, be found prosperous, even in hard times.

——Fowler and Co are clearing out their remnants at prices that "talk loud."

The man doesn't live, the woman can't be found, who doesn't admire a magnificent horse and love to see him on his mettle. Indeed, everybody feels an interest in him when doing his best on the track. There will be fast races every day at the Fair next week.

——Fowler & Co are closing out some lines of seasonable goods at cut prices—can't be appreciated until seen.

☞Among the attractions at the Fair next week will be an interesting display of wild animals and birds from Newberne by Mr, J. D. Hensley—all natives of Craven county. The *Journal* says;

A look at his powerful eagles, fierce panthers, large bear, fine deer and other and numerous varieties of small animals and game is not only a good lesson in natural history, but it shows what a grand country for sportsmen this is.

——THE FRANKLIN is the best $3.50 shoe for men in the City. For sale by Moses Weisel.

☞In reply to "A Citizen" the CAROLINIAN would simply say that its editor would prefer having factories and other business enterprises located in his own town to their location elsewhere; that he is disposed to put the welfare of his own home, his own neighborhood, his own State and his own Nation above the welfare of any other home, neighborhood, State or Nation. And this is Republicanism—the sub-stratum principle of Protection.

——The New Lee Cook Stove takes less wood, does better work, and is the largest and handsomest stove ever sold in this market. Robinson & Co.

☞To the question of "Alliance" the CAROLINIAN replies that there is only one honest way of raising money, and that is by selling something, either your labor or some article of property, or borrowing on satisfactory security. There are various dishonest methods, too numerous to describe. They all usually turn out in the end about as badly for the person doing the wrong as for the victim. No scheme can be devised that has not been tried, from the leather money of Carthage to the assignats of the French and the [illegible] bank. In all [illegible] has been any better off.

——Those "Blazer Jackets" at Fowler & Co's are small in size and smaller in price. No goo for 100 lbs of sweetness.

☞There are some people who can remember comparatively nothing. Theirs is a great misfortune, for experience is of no use to them. They walk in darkness, minus the lamps by which wiser feet are guided, and, of course, stumble as they go. There are others whose vile forte it is to remember pleasurably all that good men strive to dismiss from their recollection. Their minds are like filter, which permit that which is pure and excellent to run through them, but retain whatever is coarse and noxious. Their fund of immoral information is inexhaustable, but of facts which illustrate the best traits of human nature or the wisdom and benevolence of its author, their memories are bare. There is a very large class that cannot remember benefits—another that never forgets wrongs.

LOCAL MENTION

The people unite in the appeal, "give us light."—Judge Albertson and family have returned from Nags Head.—Miss Maggie Hinton of Norfolk, is visiting her sister Mrs. S. L. Sheep on Road street,—Mrs E. M. Jordan and children have returned from a several week's visit to Hertford.—U. S. District Attorney Charles A. Cook was in the City last week.—If you want to know how to "run a newspaper," just ask some of the fellows who never tried to run one.—Major J. W. Green, accompanied by his daughter-in-law Mrs. James G. Green, of Alexandria, Va, are visiting his daughter Mrs. L. L. Williams. This is the Major's second visit within a month. He is very favorably impressed with Elizabeth City.—Said a West End daughter to her mother the other day;

"I hear you speak of the coming Fair,
You say its sights and pleasures are rare.
Should we not fix up something to show
So we may be doing as others who'll go?"
And the encouraging response was
"Oh yes oh yes, my child, of course we will
Contribute our part the big hall to fill."
Let every mother and daughter do likewise.—Capt. B. F. Furry, the intelligent Superintendent of the "Mammal Product Company" at Hatteras, dropped in the other day. He reports that they will commence the Porpoise fishing about the first of October.—Religion isn't putting all the big sound apples on the top of the measure and the little and unsound ones on the bottom,—There has been very little sickness in Elizabeth City this summer.—A very handsome pavement has been put down in front of the new Bank building.—Our Young Man says that he is satisfied that there are times when the best of people would hate to tell what they are thinking about.—Neither time nor tide waits for any man's 90 days note,—Mr. C. B. Bliven, of Manteo, was in town on Saturday.—During this warm weather one feels like exclaiming,

Oh, isn't it nice
To have cheap ice?

And to Flora & Brockett the people are indebted for the luxury.—Rev. E. M. Jordan, pastor of the Methodist Church, has returned from his vacation, and occupied his pulpit on Sunday morning. At night a fine sermon was preached by the Presiding Elder Rev Mr. Campbell.—Some people mistake stubbornness for bravery, meanness for economy and vileness for wit.—The interest manifested in the Fair by the ladies is encouraging to the Managers. God bless them, what would our Fairs do without their aid?—Master Sam Lamb has gone back to school at Oxford.—The Baptists have about decided to heat their new Church by steam.—Prof. S. L. Sheep has the gratifying assurance of being able to open the Fall session of the Academy on the 22d inst with a larger number of pupils than before.—In a similar [illegible] town the [illegible] and an [illegible] made this crushing retort:

"Tobacco is a nasty weed
Right from hades they brought the seed,
It fouls the mouth and soils the clothes,
And makes a chimney of the nose."

—Already ten gallant Knights have entered for the Tournament at the Fair next week. It promises to be an interesting contest.—The work on the new passenger depot has begun. It is to be a neat and creditable one. —The local melon demand has continued to be well supplied.—Mayor W. C. Glover has been appointed by Governor Holt a delegate to the National Prison Association at Pittsburg, Pa.—There was a grand Society Ball at the Albemarle House on Friday night. Some twenty couples were present.—Thirteen pictures, including the Court House, Churches, Academy, Main and Water streets and a birds' eye view of the harbor, etc, have been taken for a book about to be issued for the Norfolk and Southern railroad.—Rev. T. D, Campbell, Presiding Elder, and Rev Ernest Stevens, of Edenton, were in the City on Saturday.—Mr Will and Miss Ida Harding, of Raleigh, who have been visiting the family of Rev. F. H. Johnston, have returned home.—Mrs. Harry West, of Cornland, Va, is visiting her mother Mrs Judge Brooks, on South Road street. —Felix Jones esq., of Indian Town, and Mr. D. G. Bray, of Shiloh, called on Monday.—Miss Mason of Baltimore is visiting the Misses Engle, on Riverside.—Misses Updegraph and Roach, of Hagerstown, Md, are visiting Miss Guirkin, on Road street.—Several of our merchants are leaving for their Fall stock, to be ready for the Fair.—Mrs Smith, of Norfolk, is visiting Mrs W. C. Mercer, on Ehringhaus street.—Says a new subscriber: "I find that in order to get the local news I have got to take the CAROLINIAN."—There was another dance at the Albemarle on Monday night.—J. B. Carter has been awarded the contract of painting the Methodist Church.—Mr. James Aydlett, brother of E. F. Aydlett, Esq, has left to attend a course at Davis' Military School.—There will be two Balloon [illegible] Tuesday [illegible] Donation [illegible] One of the Baldwin Bros. arrived yesterday with two Balloons. He has just come from Scranton and Titisville, Pa, where he made successful Ascensions and Leaps. He will remain here and rest until the Fair, when, on the second day, he will "go up and come down."

THE PRINCE OF THE RED DESERT—Frank Leslie's Illustrated Newspaper for the week ending September 12th has striking illustrations of the disastrous fire at Jacksonville, Florida, and the terrible railroad accident in North Carolina. It has also a page of pictures illustrating scenes of the revolutionary events in Chili, together with a fine picture entitled "The Return from the Summer Vacation." There is also a page of illustrations accompanied by a copious illustrative article concerning the "The Prince of the Red Desert; a Tale of Australian Discovery." Other features are a group of the prominent jockeys of the year and a page illustrating market night in the Jewish quarters in New York.

All miserable sufferers with dyspepsia are cured by Simmons Liver Regulator,

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

What Republicanism Means.

Cincinnati Commercial Gazette.

Protection to American industries is the first fundamental principle of Republican doctrines, Honest money is the second fundamental principle,

Good Looks.

Good looks are more than skin deep, depending upon a healthy condition of all the vital organs. If the liver be inactive you have a bilious look, if your stomach be disordered you have a dyspeptic look and if your kidneys be affected you have a pinched look. Secure good health and you will have good looks. Electric Bitters is the great alterative and tonic, acts directly on these vital organs. Cures pimples, blotches, boils and gives a good complexion, Sold at A. Wadsworth's drug store at 50 cents a bottle.

The Goldsboro Argus says that the lumber mills in this city and the saw mills of this section have been compelled to shut down by reason of the continued rains rendering it impossible for them to secure logs in sufficient quanties to run them. The rivers and streams are all overflowing and the woods on every hand are so flooded that it is absolutely impossible to "navigate" logs on the streams or haul them from the woods, It is truly an alarming and divastating freshet.

Facts speak louder than words. Simmons Liver Regulator will always cure.

Neuralgic Persons
And those troubled with nervousness resulting from care or overwork will be relieved by taking *Brown's Iron Bitters.* Genuine has trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper.

CONSUMPTION CURED.
An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all Throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this receipe, in German, French or English with full directions for preparing and using. Send by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. A. NOYES, 820 Powers' Block, Rochester, N. Y.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.
The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers Salt Rheum, Fever, Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cts per box. FOR SALE BY A. WADSWORTH.

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Why pay rent when you can secure a home on small monthly payments?
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Real Estate and Insurance Agent,
ELIZABETH CITY. - - N. C.

The Elizabeth City Academy.
FORBOT HSEXES
Prepares for business or college. Special course for Teachers. Unexcelled advantages in Music.
THE LARGEST PRIVATE SCHOOL IN EASTERN CAROLINA.
A full corps of teachers and a large, commodious building,
Board and tuition for term of 38 weeks cost from $115 to $125. Music and Art extra.
The Fall session opens
Monday, September 21st, 1891.
For Catalogue, Address
S. L. SHEEP, Principal,
Elizabeth City, N. C.

FRED DAVIS,
DEALER IN COAL.

COAL OF ALL SIZES AND OF BEST QUALITY CONSTANTLY ON HAND.
All Orders filled Promptly.
All coal is screened before leaving the yard, Lowest prices guaranteed.
Office on Water street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

Rupture Cured!
I am sole Agent for the State of North Carolina for the sale of a Remedy which will absolutely cure Rupture. Have cured cases of long standing, and some which physicians said could not be without a surgical operation.
Price, $5 Per Box.
One box will cure 50 per cent of all cases when the directions are strictly followed.
Address
S. W. Woodley,
P. O, Box 45, CRESWELL, N, C

—TRAVEL & TRANSPORTATION.—

Norfolk and Southern R. R.
Schedule in Effect June 1st, 1891.
Norfolk & Southern R. R. Mail and Express Trains, southbound, daily (except Sundays), leave Elizabeth City at 11.55 a. m., and on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6.00 P. M., Northbound, daily except Sundays, leave Elizabeth City at 2.50 P. M., and on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 9.00 A. M. Both trains arrive at and depart from Norfolk and Western Depot, Norfolk, connect at Norfolk with all rail and steamer Lines, and at Edenton with Steamers for Roanoke, Cashie, Chowan and Scuppernong Rivers. Transfer steamer to Mackey's Ferry, then by N. & S. R. R. to Rope. Pantego and Belle Haven connecting with steamer Haven Belle for Bay River, South Creek, &c
Through tickets on sale and baggage checked to all principal Points.

EASTERN CAROLINA DISPATCH
FAST FREIGHT & PASSENGER LINE.
The new and elegant Steamer Nansk leaves Elizabeth City every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6.00 P. M, for Newberne, connecting with the A. & N. C. R. R. for Goldsboro, with the Atlantic Coast Line for Wilmington, Charleston, &c, and with the R. & D. R. R. trains for Raleigh, Greensboro, &c. Returning, leaves Newberne Monday, Wednesday and Friday, stopping at Roanoke Island going and returning.
Tickets on sale on board steamer for Kinston, Goldsboro and Morehead City.
Daily all rail service between Elizabeth City and New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.
Through cars, and as low rates and quicker time than by any other route
Direct all goods to be shipped via Eastern Carolina Dispatch as follows; From Norfolk by Norfolk & Southern R. R., Baltimore, by P. W. & B. R. R. President street Station, Philadelphia, by Pennsylvania R. R., Dock street station New York, by Pennsylvania R. R., Pier 77 North River.
For further information apply to T. Selby Harney, Agent Elizabeth City, or to the General Office of the Norfolk & Southern Railroad, Norfolk, Va,
M. K. KING, General Manager. H. C. HUDGINS, Gen. Frt. & Pas. Agt

Norfolk and North Carolina CANAL COMPANY.
S. W. GARY, Superintendant.
The Norfolk & North Carolina Canal will admit sharp built vessels drawing five feet water; lighter-built vessels, four feet.
The Locks will admit vessels 96 feet and 10½ breadth of beam.
Rafts secured with chains must not be over 14 feet wide; secured with binder, not over 12 feet wide. They must be well secured to the satisfaction to the Canal authorities.
Steamers will not be admitted without a permit from the Office at Norfolk.
Vessels over 90 feet length and over 18 feet beams (the dimensions called for by the Charter) navigate the Canal at their own risk.

20 Years Established.
G. S. PALMER,
Wholesale Commission Merchant
FOR THE SALE OF
FRUITS AND PRODUCE,
POTATOES, MELONS, & VEGETABLES,
166 READE ST., NEW YORK.
All sales remitted for promptly, and direct to the Shipper. No Agents employed.

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Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained, and all Patent business conducted for *Moderate Fees.*
OUR OFFICE is opposite the U, S, Patent Office, and we can secure patents in less time than those remote from Washington
Send model, drawing or photo, with description. We advise if patentable or not free of charge. Our fee not due until patent is secured.
A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents" with names of actual clients in any State sent free. Address,
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H. Hiltgartner Sons
STEAM
Marble Granite Works, Monuments, &c.
Marble and Slate Mantels, Wainscoting Encaustic and Marole Tiling, Furniture & Counter Slabs, Etc., Etc.
526 & 528 West Baltimore St.
BALTIMORE, MD.
P. H. ZIEGLER, Agt, Elizabeth City.
L. F. ZIEGLER, Agt, Ederton, N. C.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

The undersigned have entered into partnership to carry on the UNDERTAKER'S Business at this place as the successors of the late John H. Ziegler, and at the old stand. In accordance with the wish of the said deceased, expressed in his last will and testament, the business will be conducted in the name of "JOHN H. ZIEGLER" as heretofore.
We will endeavor to serve the public in our line of business upon the same principles of fairness and honesty as were always observed and acted upon by our honored predecessor.
A full supply of Metalic Cases, Cloth Covered and Wooden Caskets kept on hand
March 6, 1889.
CHRISTINA ZIEGLER,
FRED H. ZIEGLER.



ELIZABETH CITY CRYSTAL ICE COMPANY,
Flora & Brockett, Proprietors.
PURE ICE IN 200 POUND BLOCKS AT Wholesale and Retail,
Cheaper and better than river or pond ice.
Nothing equal to it for the household.
Or for Fish Oysters, &c.
Quotations cheerfully given. Special prices for fifty or more tons.
ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

THE
A B C
OF OUR BUSINESS
Attentive to All
Below in Price,
Careful to Please.

Groceries, Hardware, Stoves, Crockery, Tin-ware, Paints, Oils, Rope, Twine, Hay, Lime, Cement, &c&c

ROBINSON & CO.
Water Street, - - - Elizabeth City, N. C.

AGENT FOR DUPONT'S POWDER { "EVERYBODY SAYS" } TOBACCO AND SNUFF AT FACTORY PRICES

That business has been dull and money scarce during the last six months. Notwithstanding this our business has been larger than for any six months since we began, and continues to increase.
Here's Food for Thought
in this condition of things. The reason for it is of great interest to those who have families to provide for. We have been in this business and have done nothing else for twenty years and it is reasonable to suppose that we know our business, when and how to buy to be best served. We purchase in large lots direct from first hands, for cash only, and it will pay you
To Examine Our Stock of
Groceries, Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Hardware, Guns, Pistols, Cutlery, Paints, Oils, Lead, Zinc, Varnishes and colors, Buggy and Cart Harness, Saddlee, Whips, Ship Chandlery, Hay, Lime, Cement, Plaster, &c.
Quotations Cheerfully Given. Lowest Prices Guaranteed. { J. B. FLORA,
New Store, Foot of Main Street, Elizabeth City N. C.

The Largest Stock o
Dry Goods, Notions and Shoes
Ever Shown in Elizabeth City,
Are now open for your examination at
Fowler & Co's.
With prices to please both at
Wholesale and Retail.

NOTICE THIS!
And after you read this advertisement call at my store and examine my stock of
DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, SHOES and HATS,
&c., &c, and if you see my goods
you will be sure to make a purchase that will please you and make you a customer ever afterwards. Call and look at my stock.
R. SALOMONSKY.
Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

I PAY FOR THIS SPACE
Because I have something to say that is of interest to practical people,
Because I want to reach the knowing and progressive people of this vicinity.
Because people of this class are the people whose trade I desire to win.
THE BEST PEOPLE
are the thinking people. They know what they want. They are not to be won by mere irresponsible cackle. Fair dealing wins them, Once one they are staunch customers, not to be budged by bluster.
All thinking people are invited to make an examination of our goods, in order to be convinced of the fact that our low prices are consistent with a high grade of quality.
MOSES WEISEL.
WATER ST, ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Furniture, Wares and Stationery.
I have constantly on hand a large and full assortment of
Household Furnishing Goods, Tin-ware, Wooden-ware, Table Cutlery Queens, Porcelain and French Decorated Ware, Chandeliers, Glassware, Wall-paper, Carpets, Oil-cloths, Glass, &c., &c.
Also Bibles, School Books, Poets and Novels at NEW YORK PRICES! Albums, Sunday School Supplies and all kinds of Stationery very low,
—If You Want to Save Money Call and See Me.—
P. W. MELICK,
Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C

VALPARAISO CAPTURED.

Balmaceda's Army Routed by the Insurgents.

The Demoralized Government Troops Fleeing to Santiago.

A dispatch from Washington says: The first official news from the seat of war in Chili reached the State Department this evening, in the shape of a dispatch from the United States Consul at Valparaiso. Its contents put a new and surprising face on the contest which has been carried on for the last six months or more between the Government of President Balmaceda and the so-called Congressional party. According to the statement of the American Consul at Chili's chief seaport, that city, the most important in the Republic, has fallen into the hands of the Congressional army, and Balmaceda's forces have sustained a defeat which is almost certain to prove fatal to the Government cause.

The Congressional army, which boldly landed north of Valparaiso a few days ago, seems to have crushed the forces with which Balmaceda and his Generals hastened to the defence of that city; and the victorious Congressional troops, after a hard struggle, are now in possession of the great port on whose control the maintenance of a Government at Santiago, only thirty miles distant, absolutely depends. Consul McCreery's dispatch to the State Department is unequivocal as to the outcome of the battle between the Congressionalists and the Balmacedists, and the subsequent surrender of Valparaiso. Here is what he sends to the State Department by the cable line, which apparently has just been reopened:

"Valparaiso.—Battle fought near this city this morning. Government forces badly beaten. Heavy losses both sides. City surrendered to Opposition, but in hand of Admirals American, German, French and English fleets for good order. No communication from Santiago. Opposition forces now entering the city. McCreery."

Mr. Julio M. Foster, who is assisting the Congressional envoys in this city, received the following dispatch dated at New York:

"Balmaceda is defeated. Valparaiso in our power. Viva Chili. Trumbull."

The sender is Richard Trumbull, one of the Congressional agents, who is now under indictment for violation of the neutrality laws in connection with the equipment of the Itata.

An hour after the despatch from Mr. Trumbull came to hand the following despatch from Mr. Viel, the confidential agent of the insurgent party at Lima, Peru, and addressed to Mr. Pedro Montt, the principal Congressional envoy in this city, was received at the headquarters of the party here:

"Triumph complete. Valparaiso surrendered."

The Chilian rebellion began in January. There had been a struggle for many months between President Balmaceda and the majority in Congress, each charging the other with unconstitutional conduct. The President dissolved Congress; thereupon the majority of Congress went on board the fleet, which hoisted the banner of insurrection. The army remained faithful to Balmaceda. The fleet took possession of Iquique, in northern Chili, and made that city headquarters of the insurgent forces, with Montt, Silva and Barros Luco as a governing junta. The most interesting naval engagement of the war was the destruction by torpedoes of the insurgent flagship Blance Encalada. Owing to intervening descent and mountains, Iquique was safe from land attack, and up to the present expedition against Valparaiso there had been no important land engagement.

Before the rebels started for Valparaiso, or, to give the exact landing place, Vina del Mar, they gave commissions in their forces to a number of adventurous Englishmen and Americans of some military experience. Upon their first attack at Vina del Mar upon the Balmaceda army of about 12,000 men, the insurgents were repulsed, and upon this fact the Balmacedists caused to be telegraphed throughout the world the statement that the insurgents had been completely defeated. It appears, however, that the latter were only strengthening themselves for another attack, which has now proved successful. Fighting for their lives, they could hardly hope for mercy; whereas the Balmaceda party, with legitimacy on their side, could hardly expect any severe punishment to follow defeat. The rebels, therefore, proved victorious, and the absence of any dispatches from a Balmaceda source goes to show that they have won.

The successful insurgent commander was formerly a Colonel Cantor in the Chilian army, and is said to have been dismissed the service. He distinguished himself in the Peruvian war. All the Generals of the Chilian army have been with Balmaceda, not one deserting to the rebel cause.

ROBBERS USE DYNAMITE.

They Secure a Large Sum of Money and Escape Into Mexico.

Telegraphic advices from Samuel, Texas, a small station on the Southern Pacific Railway, situated in a thinly settled section, give an account of a daring train robbery committed by six masked men at that place shortly after midnight. Dynamite and Winchester rifles were used to intimidate the express messenger and to gain entrance into his car.

All the money and valuables in the safe in the express car were secured by the robbers, as well as several sacks of mail matter, including registered packages. The amount of money obtained cannot be learned, but it will doubtless reach into tens of thousands of dollars.

The train was just pulling out from the station when six masked men, who had selected their positions, simultaneously mounted the engine, mail and express cars. Over forty shots were fired into the baggage and express car, without injuring any one, when an unexpected mode of procedure was adopted, that of exploding a dynamite cartridge against a small window in the express car. The effect of this was to tear the window out and otherwise to damage the car.

The express messenger was stunned, but recovered in a few minutes, only to be overpowered by the robbers. He was made to give up his safe key. The train was delayed several hours. The robbers took their time in doing the job and went through it with the utmost coolness. Horses were in readiness for them, and on the completion of their work the bandits rode rapidly away. They are now in Mexico beyond the reach of the authorities.

TWO MEN ROB A BANK.

They Cover the Cashier With Revolvers and Rake in the Cash.

About 3:30 o'clock on a recent afternoon the American Bank, at Corder, five miles east of Higginsville, Mo., was robbed.

Two men, one of them masked, stepped into the bank with drawn revolvers. Cashier W. L. Groves was ordered to throw up his hands. They had the drop on him, and he obeyed.

One of the men held him under cover of a revolver, and the other speedily proceeded to place all the cash in sight into a large grain sack, which they had brought with them.

Having completed their work they rushed through the back door and mounted two horses hitched in the alley. They were seen by several persons, and were fired upon.

They returned the fire in regular James boys style. They then dashed up Main street, firing right and left, and in a few minutes were out of sight. They secured about $700 in cash.

They were seen by no less than forty people. The man under a partial mask is described as medium sized, with sandy hair; the other as a young man of probably twenty-four years, with light hair, light complexion and smooth face.

The town is in a state of wild excitement and the robbery is considered one of the boldest ever committed in that part of the country.

A FATAL TYPHOON.

Over Two Hundred and Fifty Lives Lost in Japan.

The Canadian Pacific steamer Japan, from Hong Kong and Yokohama, arrived at Vancouver, Washington, and reports a typhoon at Kobe, Japan.

All the steamers in the harbor dragged their anchors, and many native boats were cast ashore and their crews drowned.

The German steamship Helen Rickmers was driven ashore and eighteen of the crew drowned. The Indian bark Singlas was also wrecked and all on board were lost. H. M. warship Treed also sank.

Of natives and foreigners it is thought that not less than 250 lives were lost. The wind also did much damage inshore. In one coast town forty-five persons were killed by falling houses.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Eastern and Middle States.

Five days after the search for the dead had been abandoned, two more bodies were taken from the ruins in Park place, New York City, making the total number recovered sixty-three. Mayor Grant issued orders to have the place cleared up at once.

Policeman John J. Sherman was killed in the discharge of his duty in New York City. His throat was cut by Noah Richards, a vicious, drunken colored man, who had made a disturbance in the house, and he bled to death in a few minutes.

Governor Page, of Vermont, received from the Treasury Department Vermont's portion of the direct tax, amounting to $17,-947.

Frank Scofield, who lives about seven miles from Cold Spring, N. Y., shot and killed his father and brother while quarreling over pickle crops.

George Ellis, aged ten, capsized a boat on Lake Gardner, Amesbury, Mass., and was drowned. James Higgins, aged twenty-two, who went to his aid, was taken with cramps and was also drowned.

Secretary Tracy visited President Harrison at Cape May, N. J.

The President's daughter, Mrs. McKee, and his daughter-in-law, Mrs. Russell B. Harrison, arrived at New York on the steamship Majestic from Liverpool. Mrs. Harrison, who had come on from Cape May, N. J., to meet her daughter and daughter-in-law, was taken down the Bay on the revenue steamer Grant, to which the distinguished passengers were transferred.

Mrs. Mary Butcher, 104 years old, died at the residence of her son, Thomas F. Rogers, in Atlantic Highland, N. J. Mrs. Butcher was born in Middletown Township in 1787 and married three times.

The Pennsylvania Democrats in session at Harrisburg nominated Robert E. Wright, of Lehigh County, for Auditor-General, and A. L. Tilden, of Erie County, for State Treasurer.

The New York Prohibition Convention at Albany nominated J. W. Bruce for Governor and adjourned.

Three monuments were dedicated at Gettysburg, Penn., to Illinois regiments.

South and West.

A northbound express while rounding a curve at Chardon, Ohio, dashed into a carriage containing Alonzo Knox and his daughter. The carriage was completely demolished and the occupants hurled fifty feet into the air. Knox was killed instantly and his daughter lived but a few minutes.

John Young Brown was inaugurated Governor of Kentucky at Frankfort.

Andrew Murrell, one of the two men engaged in the robbery of the Bank of Corder, at Corder, Mo., was taken from the Sheriff's posse and hanged to a tree a mile from the village.

Five thousand acres of hay-land at Grand Forks, North Dakota, studded with stacks, were swept clean by a prairie fire. Sparks from a Northern Pacific locomotive are supposed to have started the fire, which burned to the banks of the Turtle River.

Two men were killed by the explosion of powder on a train, near Denison Station, Arizona.

Seven blocks in the centre of The Dalles, Oregon, were destroyed by fire. A rough estimate placed the loss at $300,000.

United States Commissioner A. Brazee died in Denver, Col., aged sixty-five. He went to Colorado in 1874 with a commission from President Grant as one of the Judges of the Supreme Court of the Territory.

More than 500 skeletons were unearthed from an Indian mound at Carthage, Ill. They were of gigantic size.

Fifty families of Choctaw County, Ala., have been driven from their homes by a mob. The offense of the evicted persons was that they were believers in the peculiar religious views of Sims, the moonshiner.

David Douglass, the defaulting Treasurer of Youngstown (Ohio) Township, was arrested on complaint of the Township Trustees, charged with embezzling $15,000 placed in his hands as Treasurer.

William Allen, the colored man who shot and fatally wounded E. J. Myers, Marshal, at Guyton, Ga., was taken from the officers who had him in charge, near Atlanta, carried to the woods, chained to a tree, and shot to death.

Washington.

The monthly debt statement shows a reduction for August of $5,581,895. Customs receipts for the month were $15,164,674, against $20,312,879 in August, 1890.

The International Congress of Geologists in session at Washington adjourned, to meet in Switzerland in 1894.

The Census Office issued a bulletin on the population of the State of Indiana, by minor civil divisions, which shows that the population of the State has increased 214,103, or 10.82 per cent. during the decade.

Secretary Foster issued a notice extending the time for the presentation of four and half per cent. Government bonds for extension at two per cent. Very few of the four and a half Government bonds have been presented for redemption, while many have been continued under the new rate of two per cent.

Superintendent Kimball, of the Life Saving Service, has put on 100 extra crews along Atlantic and Gulf coasts.

Webster Flanagan was appointed by President Harrison Collector of Customs of the Port of El Paso, Texas.

The Mount Vernon passenger steamships George Leary and W. W. Corcoran were burned to the water's edge at their docks in Washington.

The Treasury Department paid out during the first week in September $4,500,000 on account of pensions, making altogether about $23,000,000 paid out for pensions since the 1st of July. It was expected that about $5,000,000 more would be paid out for pensions during the present month.

Foreign.

Violent gales of wind, accompanied by furious rainstorms, continue to sweep over Great Britain and Ireland. Dispatches from Dublin state that the crops throughout the Province of Ulster are in a pitiable condition, and that in many parts of Ulster and elsewhere they are almost entirely submerged. In other neighborhoods the crops are in several feet of water and will be completely destroyed.

Eight members of the crew of the British steamer Dunmurry, of Belfast, from New York for Antwerp with grain, lost their lives through the capsizing of the vessel in a hurricane off Halifax, Nova Scotia.

The river Barrow in Ireland in consequence of the recent heavy rain storms has overflowed, and that its waters are flooding thousands of acres of land and destroying the crops. The Welsh rivers are flooded and much damage has been done. The storms have half ruined the crops throughout Scotland, and the harvest is at a complete standstill.

The twenty-first anniversary of the battle of Sedan was observed in Germany, the papers making pessimistic comments on the prospects for peace.

Emperor William, of Germany, started to meet the Emperor of Austria at the Austrian manœuvres.

Miss Lincoln, daughter of the American Minister to England, was married to Mr. Isham, her father's Private Secretary, at London. Cannon Farrar performed the ceremony.

The financial condition of Guatemala is very bad, and the troops threaten to revolt unless they are paid.

The miserable harvest in Western Russia has compelled the withdrawal of a portion of the garrison stationed there, owing to lack of food to support them.

Deputy Verduga, one of ex-President Balmaceda's friends, was captured at Talca, Chili, with over a million dollars in bank notes and drafts.

A riot broke out at Ichang, China. All the mission and foreign property was burned. No fatalities were reported.

The Sultan of Turkey has discharged his Grand Vizier, Kiamil Pasha.

The Chilian torpedero Almirante Condell and the transport Imperiale were surrendered to the Chilian Minister at Callao, Peru.

The military manœuvres of France, Germany and Austria were begun.

Every car works in the country is full of orders and the roads are so short of cars with which to handle the grain that the movement will be delayed, and so far from finding it necessary to hold back grain, the railroads themselves will be forced to postpone shipments.

Snakes are so abundant and troublesome in the country about Talcott Mountain in Connecticut that the farmers in the vicinity have clubbed together to hire a man to kill the reptiles. He is paid five cents a head, and manages to make from $3 to $5 a day.

The proposed Odd Fellows' Temple in Chicago, Ill., is to cost $4,000,000, and will have a main frontage of 225 feet, rising to 556 feet above the ground, this central portion having thirty-four stories.

BY CABLE AND TELEGRAPH.

Late Dispatches From Foreign and Domestic Sources.

Germany Removes the Embargo on American Pork.

The long-expected decree rescinding the prohibition placed upon the importation of American pork into Germany has been signed at Berlin.

The *Reichsgesetzblatt* publishes an order to the effect that the prohibition of the importation of swine pork and sausages of American origin shall no longer be enforced when such live pigs or hog products are furnished with official certificates stating that they have been examined in accordance with American regulations and found free from qualities dangerous to health.

The Chancellor has sent instructions to the proper officials that the order be given immediate effect.

Under the pretext that American pork products were not properly inspected, the German Government in 1880 threw a number of vexatious restrictions about their importation, and three years later—in 1883—finding that importations from America had not fallen off as much as had been expected, a decree of practical prohibition was put in force.

The value of the German market for pork products under the new decree may be estimated by comparison with other European countries which do not exclude pork. The exports of bacon from the United States to England, for instance—not including Scotland or Ireland—in the year ended June 30, 1889, amounted to $24,403,594, and the exports of hams to $2,690,650; in the year ended June 30, 1890, the figures were: bacon, $31,474,291; hams, $5,236,329. The German market will probably be worth not less than $10,000,000 or $12,000,000 annually to the American producer.

Convict Labor Approved.

Whatever relief free labor in Tennessee is to have from competition with convicts must come through other channels than the abrogation of the convict lease system. So said the House of Representatives. Its action was based upon the ground that the constitution of the State and of the United States prohibited legislative impairment of a contract. It is a fact, however, that the large majority of the members who based their action on constitutional grounds are of the opinion that the State cannot afford to lose the $160,000 per annum received from the penitentiary lessees.

The fight over the resolution was long and bitter. The resolution had a clear majority, the vote being fifty-one to thirty-seven.

The House also adopted a resolution citing that it is charged that Commissioner of Labor J. W. Ford and his assistant, Charles Alleman, also a member of the Legislature, have been in a measure responsible for the trouble at Briceville, and that they have encouraged, aided and abetted the miners by public speeches and otherwise, and that they have been agitators encouraging lawlessness, and providing for a committee to investigate the matter fully.

A Child Boiled to Death.

A two-year-old child belonging to a couple living in Peterborough, Canada, was taken with a fit, and the old-fashioned remedy of putting it in hot water was tried.

The water not being sufficiently warm, a pan containing the child was put on a hot stove and, either through carelessness or ignorance, the child was slowly cooked.

The child was finally snatched from the stove by a neighbor, but it was then beyond all hope of recovery.

Four Killed by Lightning.

Four persons were instantly killed by lightning six miles east of Magnolia, Ark. Mr. Couch, a planter, was in a small cotton house with five or six others weighing cotton. The lightning struck the end of the building, tearing it to pieces and setting it on fire with the cotton. The killed were Samuel Carter and his fifteen-year-old son, John Brown and "Dock" Blakely. Mr. Couch was rendered insensible for some time, but is now out of danger.

Children Kill a Clergyman.

The Free Methodist camp-meeting near Sodus, N. Y., closed on a recent night. Next morning some children attempted to loosen the ropes of the large preaching-tent, preparatory to taking it down. Rev. J. B. Newton, pastor of the Free Methodist Church of Alton, N. Y., was inside the tent, when it suddenly collapsed, Newton was struck by the centre-pole and instantly killed.

An Indian Chief Killed by a Cowboy.

On the Red River, at Poland, Indian Territory, a Kiowa chief was shot and instantly killed by one Booheir, a cowboy. The trouble arose over some cattle. The cowboy surrendered himself. Trouble is feared and a request has been sent to Fort Sill for troops.

Twelve Perished at Sea.

The schooner Pannonia, from the Marshall Islands for San Francisco, was wrecked on the Hawaiian reefs, and all on board were drowned, including the crew of seven men; Captain George D. Lovedale, of San Diego, Cal.; Mrs. Lovedale and the captain's three children.

A Hundred Die From Typhoid Fever.

There are more than two hundred cases of typhoid fever at Wheeling, W. Va., and in Benwood and Fairmont, and 100 deaths have occurred. The disease is attributed to drinking foul water from wells. Many hotels and business houses are closed.

Railway Collision in Spain.

An express train collided with a luggage train near Medina del Campo, Spain, on the Northern Railway. Eight carriages were wrecked and forty-eight persons were injured.

CORONEL SACKED.

Chilean Deserters and Miners Commit All Manner of Excesses.

Exciting news is brought from Chili by the Straits steamer which came up from Talcahuano. The two regiments of Government troops which were taken to that port recently from Coquimbo by the transport Imperiale revolted when they heard of the defeat of the Balmacedists at Placilla.

They shot to death all of their officers and disbanded. Nearly four thousand coal miners joined them, and together they have practically taken possession of the town of Coronel, on the coast, about twenty-five miles south of Concepcion. All sorts of excesses have been committed by them. Houses and stores have been sacked and burned. The slightest protest against their actions is met by rifle shots.

In fact mob rule in its worst form prevails. Some outrages have been committed also in Concepcion and Talcahuano, but the force at the disposal of the authorities there has been sufficient to save them from the fate which has overtaken the six thousand people of Coronel.

Senor Jorge Montt, General Canto and others of the Congressional chiefs arrived in Santiago. They were received with the greatest enthusiasm by the people of the capital. General Baqueadano, the acting President, received them officially. They will at once proceed to Santiago, when the question of a new election and the reorganization of the Government will be considered.

There is no disguising the fact that there is a very bitter feeling against the Americans on the part of the successful revolutionists. This feeling is so strong that unless it is placated in some way it may seriously affect American commercial interests in Chili for some time.

A FATAL FIRE DAMP.

Ten Miners Killed in an English Colliery.

An explosion took place on a recent morning at 3 o'clock in the Malago Colliery, near Bedminster, Somersetshire, England. Only a small force of miners was at work in the mine at the time of the disaster. A dull, rumbling sound underground, followed by a cloud of dust issuing from the shaft, first announced that some terrible accident had happened. The alarm soon spread throughout the neighborhood, and crowds gathered about the pitmouth, the wives and children of the endangered miners uttering heartrending cries, while the colliery officers quickly organized an exploring party. The latter had not been long at work when they signalled that a fire-damp explosion of a most serious nature had occurred, and that they had already found four dead miners. Six more bodies were subsequently found. Two men are missing, and about a dozen are seriously injured. Additional exploring parties were promptly sent down the shaft.

The greatest excitement prevails throughout the Bedminster mining district, and the local police have their hands full in keeping the crowds away from the mouth of the pit.

THE NATIONAL GAME.

Chicago seems invincible.

The market for ball players is becoming glutted.

Chicago's new pitcher, Nicol, is quite a batsman.

Shannon has taken charge of the Washington team.

Bennett, of the Boston League Club, has been catching since 1876.

In Boston they think Stricker is the quickest man now playing ball.

Denny, once the king of third basemen, has been released by Cleveland.

It interferes with most baseball players' good work to be captain of a team.

Dalrymple, who once led the League batters, is hitting harder than ever.

Hamilton, of Philadelphia, leads the League in batting and base running.

Sutcliffe, of the Washingtons, leads the country in batting. He has an average of over .400.

Galvin, of Pittsburg, has been pitching ball since 1874, and never knew what it was to have a lame arm.

Louis Bierbauer, Captain and second baseman of the Pittsburgh League Club, has asked for his release.

Baseball has taken a strong hold on the Cuban public. There are over seventy-five clubs in that little island.

There is trouble in the New York team and Connor and Glasscock want their releases. They don't like Ewing.

Anson, of Chicago, is generally very lucky in his "finds." His last, Vickery and Shriver, apparently are one of his luckiest.

Despite the Rusie-worship of the New Yorkers, John Ewing, when in condition, is the most effective pitcher in the New York team.

The New York Club has signed Pitcher Arthur Clarkson, late of the New Haven Club. He is a brother of the famous John Clarkson.

Browning, of Cincinnati, has lined 'em out this year in great style, and now holds third highest place in the batting list of the National League.

The quickest game on record was played at Albany, N. Y., the other day. It took only twenty-seven minutes. Five innings were played when rain interferred.

Two years ago, three pitchers did all the twirling for the New York team, and did it effectively, too; but now it has six pitchers and the management is groping after more.

Welch, of the Baltimores, still maintains his reputation as one of the greatest centre-fielders ever seen on a ball field. Some of the catches made by him in Boston were of a phenomenal character.

Boston's Association team have now a string of heavy hitters in Brouthers, Duffy, Farrell, Joyce, Richardson and Brown that will compare favorably with that of any seven men in any club of the League or Association.

Harry Wright, of Philadelphia, has some unique ideas about handling his pitchers. He makes all of them put the ball over the plate and inveighs against bases on balls. He insists upon speed and makes a particular point about watching base runners.

Freeman, the phenomenal left-hander recently signed by the Washingtons, is probably the youngest pitcher in the professional ranks to-day. Before he was signed by the Washington team he had pitched but twenty-four games, and had not yet reached his twentieth year.

"Mike" Kelly of the Boston Association team, has signed a contract to play with the Boston League Club the remainder of this and all of next season. This contract calls for a salary of $5000 per annum and an additional sum in case of the success of the club. Kelly said he was to receive $22,500 from the League.

Of all the players who have talked about quitting only two have made their words good by retiring from the diamond when there was an engagement in sight. They are McCormick and Sunday. The magnates that drew them away from the diamond differ widely. McCormick went to the race track and Sunday to the pulpit.

NATIONAL LEAGUE RECORD.

	Won.	Lost.	Per ct.		Won.	Lost.	Per ct.
Chicago	69	41	.627	Cleveland	51	61	.505
Boston	62	46	.574	Brooklyn	47	58	.448
New York	56	45	.554	Pittsburg	44	64	.407
Philadel	57	50	.533	Cincin'ati	44	66	.400

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION RECORD.

	Won.	Lost.	Per ct.		Won.	Lost.	Per ct.
Boston	78	33	.703	Columbus	52	61	.448
St. Louis	71	43	.623	Milw'kee	47	63	.427
Baltimore	60	48	.556	Wash'gt'n	36	67	.349
Athletic	58	53	.523	Louisville	39	73	.348

THE LABOR WORLD.

Chicago has a woman engineer.

Harlem has a woman upholsterer.

New York grocers will build a hall.

Italy's labor market is overstocked.

Liverpool has 50,000 dock laborers.

San Francisco has Chinese coopers.

New York laundry hands are fighting Chinese.

New York compositors will hold a State Convention.

Indianapolis (Ind.) laundry girls average $5.50 a week.

New York has an Italian shoemakers' K of L. assembly.

A colored man is boss over a gang of New York whites.

The President of the Boston Waiters' Alliance is a colored man.

New York working girls have a society for sending poor children on vacations.

Traction car conductors in Philadelphia have to pay for broken car windows and the like.

The Socialist Labor party of Italy is growing rapidly. It has now over 100,000 members.

An association comprising 300 employers has been started in San Francisco to resist the encroachments of trades unions.

The Paris waiters not only insist upon their right to wear beards and no uniforms, but also to smoke when not actually serving.

The production of cloth at Fall River, Mass., has been curtailed 20,000 pieces in the past two weeks, owing to a scarcity of weavers.

The Municipal Council of Piacenza, Italy, has granted $1500 annually for five years to the labor unions in that city for their free employment bureau.

The Socialist Workmen's Congress at Brussels, Belgium, has passed resolutions condemning the sweating system and piece-work.

Bismarck recently entertained a trade society of limeburners and brickmakers at Friedrichsruhe, where he has extensive kilns.

Notwithstanding the fact of the depression in the iron and tin plate trade, and the falling off of the demand for coal, 10,000 miners in Aberdare District, South Wales, have gone on a strike.

In the Chicago City Directory just published many names were omitted owing to a refusal of the members of labor organizations to give their names and address because it was printed at a scab printing-house.

The railroads of the country employ 700,-000 men. Each year they lose 2000 of their number in killed, and 20,000 of them are injured annually. It is estimated that 3,000,-000 people depend on these employes for a living.

The South Australian Parliament has set aside $25,000 to purchase land near Petersburg for workingmen to build on. The Free Education bill, advocated by the labor organizations, has also been carried by a two-thirds majority.

The number of cotton mills working in India is 114. These mills give employment to over 99,224 persons every day. Out of these 114 mills, eighty-two are in the Bombay presidency, of which sixty are in the town and Island of Bombay.

The raisin crop in Fresno County, California, is the largest on record. The growers made great efforts to secure white labor, offering $1.25 per day for grape-pickers, with board, and $1.75 without board. They failed to get any adequate supply and were forced to hire Chinese, who have advanced the price fifty cents a day over last year. Fully 4000 Chinese are now engaged in the Fresno vineyards.

WILL MINE HIMSELF.

Lobengula, King of the Matabeles, Going Into the Business.

Cape Town (South Africa) advices state that Lobengula, King of the Matabeles, who has been an interested observer of the progress of gold mining in Mashonaland, has decided to take a hand in the industry, and has had claims pegged out in his name and sent for machinery to work his property. Lobengula is the most powerful monarch in South Africa, and brother-in-law of Gungunhama, who is almost equally powerful. Both of these Kings have declared themselves frienly to the British South Africa Company.

NEWSY GLEANINGS.

Berne, Neb., is a Swiss town.

France claims 1,000,000 Socialists.

Cleveland has 25,000 Bohemians.

The United States have 250,000 Swiss.

Arizona has a Beekeepers' Association.

The rice crop is reported above the average.

Floods at Toyama, Japan, damaged nearly 9000 houses.

Grand Forks, North Dakota, is building a wheat palace.

France is accumulating gold to pay for American wheat.

Forest and grass fires have done great damage in California.

There are eleven cables running from the United States to Europe.

The blueberry crop of New Hampshire has been an enormous one.

Rain has ceased in India and crop prospects are again growing worse.

The permanent tramp population of the United States has been estimated at 60,-000.

Reports from South and Central America bring news of large crops and great prosperity.

Provision dealers say that fruit and vegetables have never been so plentiful or so cheap.

Jacob Steele, the oldest man in Pennsylvania, died at Uniontown a few days ago, aged 108 years.

Gales and hurricanes along the Spanish coast have wrecked many vessels and caused serious damage.

England is now suffering from the potato blight, which caused so much distress in Ireland last winter.

The financial crisis in Portugal is becoming acute. Gold and silver have disappeared from circulation.

The Attorney-General of Texas has decided that nuns may teach in the public schools of the State.

The catch of Irish mackerel this year has fallen off one half. It is feared the business will be ultimately destroyed.

The test of powder with the army twelve-inch breach loading rifle at Sandy Hook, N. J., was not wholly satisfactory.

There is danger that the price of grain may be forced so high as to curtail the consumption in European countries.

O. S. Campbell, by defeating Hobart, winner of the All Comers' Tennis Tournament, at Newport, R. I., retains the championship of America.

The annual report of the Bureau of Statistics of Labor in Massachusetts shows that the capital invested in industries amounts to $391,250,269.

Final decree in the suit of the owners of the steamship Iberia against the Cunard line for the sinking of the Iberia by the Umbria in 1888 allows the Iberia's owners $309,335.60 damages.

Mrs. John Hare, of Youngstown, Ohio, lost her left eye some time since and while standing in the yard the other day her right eye burst from its socket, rendering her entirely blind, from the effects of which she at once lost her reason.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

The Countess of Dudley was a shop girl.

Kaiser Wilhelm is growing a full beard.

The late Mrs. James K. Polk was a very handsome woman in her youth.

Suppe, the composer, is seventy-one years old and has celebrated his silver wedding.

Count Alexander Grigarievitch Stoogonoff, the oldest General in the Russian service, is dead.

M. d'Ennery, the French dramatic author, has written 200 plays. He is now a cheerful old man of eighty.

The Duke of Cambridge, Commander-in-Chief of her Majesty's army, is known as "Umbrella George."

Edward Lytton Bulwer Dickens, the youngest son of the great novelist, has been elected to Parliament in New South Wales.

The most prominent of surviving Union Generals are Schofield, Buell, Rosecrans, Butler, Pope, Banks, Howard and Slocum.

John Caldwell, who died recently in Indiana, was the man who first conceived the idea of distributing the mail on postal cars.

Senator Voorhees, of Indiana, attributes his continued ill health to the prolonged night sessions of the Senate last winter.

It is reported that the death of the Turkish Minister of War was the result of wounds received in a duel with the Minister of Marine.

The oldest living Congressman is Senator Harris, of Tennessee. He was born in 1818 and was in the House of Representatives as early as 1849.

Miss Mary Proctor, daughter of the late Richard A. Proctor, has appeared in the newspaper field as a contributor of scientific articles.

Father Mollinger, whose miraculous cures at the Troy Hill (Penn.) shrine have made him famous, has accumulated a fortune of $3,000,000.

The old Duke of Nassau, who at seventy-five is hale and active, has a fortune of $25,-000,000, and is consequently set down as the richest prince in Europe.

Mrs. Julia Ward Howe tackled Greek after she was seventy years of age, and now that she is seventy-two she can read the play of "Sophocles" in the original with facility and satisfaction.

By the death of Mrs. Polk, Mrs. Grant and Mrs. Garfield become the only surviving widows of Presidents. Mrs. Tyler, the second wife of President Tyler, died in Richmond in July, 1889.

The little King of Spain does not know his letters yet, and all mental education has been forbidden him. He is so fragile and puny physically that the slightest exertion of the mind fatigues him.

According to advices received by the Bureau of American Republics, the Government of Costa Rica has granted to Minor C. Keith, the famous contractor, one-sixteenth of the national territory, the concession amounting to eight hundred thousand acres.

The Rev. Dr. Isaac Crook, of Louisville, Ky., who has accepted the presidency of the University of the Pacific, at San Jose, California, is the seventh clergyman to be called from the Falls City to a place of this sort. Dr. Crook has been pastor of Trinity Methodist Church in Louisville for many years.

Work on the Mont Blanc (Switzerland) observatory is progressing, although workman are hard to obtain, owing to their sufferings from the cold.

The wine and raisin crops in southern California are the largest for three years. The raisin grapes are loaded with fruit.

THE MARKETS.

36

NEW YORK.

Beeves	2 00	@	4 50
Milch Cows, com. to good	—	@	45 00
Calves, common to prime	3 00	@	6 25
Sheep	4 55	@	4 75
Lambs	5 12½	@	6 75
Hogs—Live	5 50	@	6 00
Dressed	7	@	9
Flour—City Mill Extra	5 25	@	5 35
Patents	5 40	@	6 00
Wheat—No. 2 Red	1 07¼	@	1 10¼
Rye—State	—	@	1 05
Barley—Two-rowed State	90	@	92
Corn—Ungraded Mixed	72	@	75¼
Oats—No. 1 White	—	@	40
Mixed Western	22½	@	36¼
Hay—Fair to Good	65	@	70
Straw—Long Rye	60	@	65
Lard—City Steam	—	@	6.50
Butter—State Creamery	19	@	23¼
Dairy, fair to good	16½	@	21
West. Im. Creamery	13	@	18
Factory	12	@	14½
Cheese—State Factory	7	@	9⅝
Skims—Light	4	@	7
Western	6	@	8
Eggs—State and Penn	19½	@	20

BUFFALO.

Steers—Western	2 00	@	3 60
Sheep—Medium to Good	4 25	@	4 65
Lambs—Fair to Good	5 75	@	6 00
Hogs—Good to Choice Yorks	5 25	@	5 40
Flour—Winter Patent	5 25	@	5 50
Wheat—No. 1 Northern	1 12½	@	1 13¼
Corn—No. 2, Yellow	—	@	71
Oats—No. 2, White	36¾	@	37
Barley—No. 2 Canada	92	@	94

BOSTON.

Egg—Near-by	22	@	23
Seeds—Timothy, Northern	2 00	@	2 25
Clover, Northern	10	@	11
Hay—Fair	14 00	@	15 00
Straw—Good to Prime	14 00	@	14 50
Butter—Firsts	18	@	21

WATERTOWN (MASS.) CATTLE MARKET.

Beef—Dressed weight	4	@	6¾
Sheep—Live weight	2	@	5
Lambs	5	@	6¼
Hogs—Northern	5	@	6¾

PHILADELPHIA.

Flour—Penn. family	4 90	@	5 00
Wheat—No. 2 Red, Sept	1 06	@	1 06¼
Corn—No. 2 Mixed, Sept	71	@	72
Oats—Ungraded White	—	@	50
Potatoes	23	@	25
Butter—Creamery Extra	—	@	23
Cheese—Part skims	5	@	6½

HELD UP THE EXPRESS.

Seven Highwaymen Rob a Train of $3600.

Bold Exploit of Desperate Bandits in Colorado.

Seven men on a recent night held up the Denver and Rio Grande train from Ogden, about four miles west of Texas Creek, Col., and secured $3600 from the safe in the baggage car. The robbers had laid their plans carefully, their method of operation being somewhat different from usual train robberies.

About nine o'clock that night they captured the night track walker and secured all his torpedoes. When the train approached he was made, at the point of a rifle, to get upon the track and flag the engineer to stop. As the train slowed up the engineer and fireman were covered with seven rifles and made dismount from the engine. Their pockets were then searched. Auer, the fireman, was relieved of a gold watch and some money. He was then forced to proceed to the baggage car and with a crowbar compelled to break in the door.

In the meantime Express Messenger Angel, who became suspicious of trouble when the train slowed up, began to make preparations to defend himself and the property under his care. He was not kept long in anticipation, for he heard the men's voices outside and the blows of the crowbar against the door. Accompanied by a demand for admittance came a bullet through the glass in the door.

Angel replied with his revolver and a hot fight began. It only lasted a few minutes, however, and none of the shots from either side took effect. The door was soon broken open and the robbers rushed in. Angel made a brave resistance, but the pressure of a revolver against his temple and threats of immediate death compelled him to succumb to their demands and open the safe. The money was found in small packages. The $3600 was all the money in the safe.

The robbers immediately after securing their booty took their departure. No attempt was made to molest any of the passengers, very few of whom had any idea of what was going on in the baggage car. Horses had been placed in readiness by the highwaymen, and as soon as their work was accomplished they mounted the animals and fled in the direction of Wet Mountain Valley.

A posse was organized by the Sheriff, who went to the scene at once. They are all determined men who have seen service of this kind before and will make short work of the fugitives if they should come up with them. A number of trained bloodhounds at Trinidad have been telegraphed for to aid in the chase after the criminals. They will be hurried to the scene on a special train and put on the trail as soon as possible.

Pinkerton's Detective Agency was called upon for assistance to hunt down the men, and a number of their employes were soon on hand and placed under the command of Detective Kramer, of the Rio Grande company. A special train was hurriedly made up at Denver, and at four o'clock that morning they left for the scene of the robbery, accompanied by the chief surgeon of the road.

Very little is known of the men who committed the robbery, though it is believed, by the cool manner in which the job was done, that they are no new offenders in the crime of train robbing. One of the highwaymen was described as a man about forty, wearing a dark stiff hat, and another as a heavily built man about the same age. One of the seven was a boy about nineteen years of age. He wore a checked shirt and was in his shirt sleeves.

The place selected for the robbery was a lonely spot. Torpedoes secured from the track walker were placed on the rails to hasten the engineer in stopping the train.

The mail car was also broken open, but none of the bags were touched, the robbers seeming anxious to depart after all the contents of the safe had been secured.

DROPPED TO DEATH.

Aeronaut Hogan Lost His Hold 1000 Feet Above the Earth

At the Exposition Grounds at Detroit, Mich., George Hogan, the Ann Arbor aeronaut, made an ascension, performing the while on the trapeze. When 1000 feet from the earth he lost his grip on the trapeze bar. The crowd did not seem to comprehend the situation until the doomed man had almost reached the ground

The body shot through the air with frightful velocity, head downward, and struck the sidewalk on River street. So great was the impact that the two-inch planks were broken and splintered. Blood spurted 100 feet. Not a bone in the body escaped unbroken and the head was mashed beyond recognition.

Hogan leaves a widow and one child. He was a brother of the Professor Hogan who made an ascension in Campbell's airship in Brooklyn, N. Y., a couple of years ago and was never heard of again.

Foot-Ball Casualties.

The last foot-ball season in England has been noted for the casualties recorded. Among the injuries noted in the *Lancet* which ended fatally are: Asphyxia caused by paralysis of the muscles of respiration, acute peritonitis, injury to the brain, rupture of the intestine, rupture of the right kidney, and abdominal injuries. Is it not time that this game should be so modified as to relieve it of the unnecessary dangers now attending it?

How Did He Get In?

Dinwiddie (of Pittsburg)—I hear you've been traveling, Piggery.

Piggery (of Chicago)—Yes; been to Europe. Visited Berlin, Paris, and other centers.

Dinwiddie—Indeed! I thought Germany and France refused admission to American hogs.—*Chronicle-Telegraph.*

Curious Case of Color Blindness.

The London *Lancet* publishes a curious case of color blindess. The patient was an engine-driver in Russia, about forty years of age, whose vision was perfect until 1889. Then he began to suffer from violent headaches, due to overexertion and insufficient sleep, which were followed by a loss of all power to distinguish colors. Everything appeared to him to be red, and he was obliged to throw up his position. Dr. M. Reich, who examined him, could discover no disease, but found his sight, focus, and sensation of light normal. In May, 1890, the man again submitted himself for examination, declaring that his sense of color had been restored. This proved to be the fact. The *Lancet* thinks that "this case seems to show that sensation of color is perfectly independent of physiological function."

The Last of the Miamis.

The death is reported from Fort Wayne, Ind., of James R. Godfrey, formerly a chief of the Miami tribe of Indians and the last fool-blooded survivor of his tribe. His father was Francis Godfrey, once a powerful and savage chief of the tribe. Many years ago the Government allotted to the old Chief Godfrey a tract of several hundred acres of land near Fort Wayne. This land is now very valuable and is yet held entirely by Godfrey's descendants.—*New Orleans Picayune.*

J. C. Simpson, Marquess, W. Va., says: "Hall's Catarrh Cure cured me of a very bad case of catarrh." Druggists sell it, 75c.

Krupp will put up a gun foundry in China.

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Dr. Hoxsie's Certain Croup Cure is a boon to children who are attacked with croup or acute congestive colds. Sold by druggists or mailed on receipt of 50 cts. Address A. P. Hoxsie, Buffalo, N. Y.

Fits stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2 trial bottle free. Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

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Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

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How does he feel?—He feels a headache, generally dull and constant, but sometimes excruciating—August Flower the Remedy.

How does he feel?—He feels a violent hiccoughing or jumping of the stomach after a meal, raising bitter-tasting matter or what he has eaten or drunk—August Flower the Remedy.

How does he feel?—He feels the gradual decay of vital power; he feels miserable, melancholy, hopeless, and longs for death and peace—August Flower the Remedy.

How does he feel?—He feels so full after eating a meal that he can hardly walk—August Flower the Remedy.

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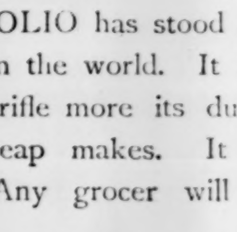
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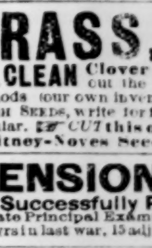
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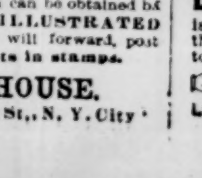
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